Rubicon Research Private Limited

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Standalone Balance sheet as at 31 March 2024

Chartered Accountants One International Center Tower 3, 27th-32nd Floor Senapati Bapat Marg Elphinstone Road (West) Mumbai-400 013 Maharashtra, India

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Rubicon Research Private Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Rubicon Research Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board of Directors report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors (i) in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal financial controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for matters stated in i (vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g).
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as



on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

- f. The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, is as stated in paragraph (b) above.
- g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company being a private company, section 197 of the Act related to the managerial remuneration is not applicable.
- i. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements. (Refer Note 31 to the standalone financial statements).
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice



that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement

v. The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

As stated in note 51 to the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. Such dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the year ended 31 March 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility at the application level in the accounting software and the same has operated at the application level throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. However, no audit trail was enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes.

Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, in respect of accounting software for which the audit trail feature was operating.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the year ended March 31, 2024.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

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Manoj H. Dama Partner (Membership No. 107723) (UDIN: 24107723BKFJOX1656)

Mumbai, dated: 1 July 2024

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of Rubicon Research Private Limited ("the Company") as at 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements .



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

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Manoj H. Dama Partner (Membership No. 107723) (UDIN: 24107723BKFJOX1656)

Mumbai, dated: 1 July 2024

ANNEXURE B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company, and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that -

- (i)(a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (i)(b) The Company has a program of verification of Property, Plant and Equipment, so to cover all the items once every three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program certain Property, Plant and Equipment were due for verification during the year and were physically verified by the Management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (i)(c) In respect of immovable properties that have been taken on lease including the building constructed on the said land by the Company and disclosed in the financial statements as at the balance sheet date, the lease deeds are in the name of the Company.
- (i)(d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment, Right of use assets and intangible assets during the year.
- (i)(e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at 31 March 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii)(a) The inventories except for stocks held with third parties, were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals. In our opinion and based on information and explanation given to us, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the Management is appropriate having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. For stocks held with third parties at the year-end, written confirmations have been obtained. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventories were noticed on such physical verification of inventories when compared with the books of account.
- (ii)(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, at points of time during the year, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the quarterly returns or statements comprising (stock statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated



financial information) filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company of the respective quarters and no material discrepancies have been observed.

(iii) The Company has made investments in, provided guarantee and granted unsecured loans to its subsidiary companies during the year, in respect of which:

(iii)(a)

		Rs. in lakh
Particulars	Loan	Guarantees
A. Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year:		
- Subsidiary	15,870.63	590.66
B. Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases		
- Subsidiaries	12,039.84	590.66

The Company has not provided advances in nature of loans or security to any other entity during the year.

- (iii)(b) The investments made and guarantee provided and the terms and conditions of the grant of loans and guarantee provided are not, *prima facie*, prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (iii)(c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are regular as per stipulations.
- (iii)(d) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, in respect of loans granted by the Company, there is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date i.e. 31 March 2024.
- (iii)(e) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, none of the loans granted by the Company have fallen due during the year.
- (iii)(f) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, the Company has not granted any loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause (iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iv) The Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- The Company has not accepted any deposit during the year nor has any unclaimed deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act. Hence reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended, prescribed by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained by the Company. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii)(a) In respect of statutory dues:

Undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, duty of Customs, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to the Company have generally been regularly deposited by it with the appropriate authorities in all cases during the year.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services tax, Income-Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, duty of Customs, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(vii)(b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2024 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of Statute	Nature of dues	Forum where Dispute is pending		Amount unpaid (Rs. In Lakhs)
Maharashtra value added tax and central sales tax	Tax and Interest	Dy. Commissioner of Sales Tax (Appeals)	Financial year 2011-12 till 2016-17	152.64*
Income Tax Penalty Act 1961		ITAT	Assessment year 2012-13	11.00
	Income Tax	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal)	Assessment Year 2014-15	142.64**
	Income Tax	Dy. Commissioner of Income Tax	Assessment Year 2020-21	444.11***
	Income Tax	Dispute Resolution Panel	Assessment Year 2021-22	118.73
Income Tax		Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal)	Assessment Year 2022-23	4,054.90

* Net of amount aggregating Rs. 7.73 lakhs paid under protest.

** Net of amount Rs. 35.66 lakh paid under protest.



*** Net of Rs. 111.03 lakhs paid under protest.

- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
- (ix)(a) The Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
- (ix)(b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (ix)(c) To the best of our knowledge and belief, in our opinion, term loans availed by the Company were, applied by the Company during the year for the purposes for which loans were obtained, other than temporary deployment pending application.
- (ix)(d) On an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, *prima facie*, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (ix)(e) On an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- (ix)(f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.
- (x)(a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x)(b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi)(a) To the best of our knowledge, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi)(b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
- (xi)(c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.



- (xiii) In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 188 of the Companies Act for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards. The Company is a private company and hence the provisions of section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv)(a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
- (xiv)(b) We have considered, the internal audit reports issued during the year and till the date of the audit report covering period upto 31 March 2024.
- (xv) During the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with any of its directors, or directors of its holding company, subsidiary companies or persons connected with such directors and hence provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b), and (c) of the Order is not applicable.

The Group does not have any CIC as part of the group and accordingly reporting under clause (xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx)(a) There are no unspent amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) on other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act in compliance with the provision with the second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xx) (a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.



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(xx)(b) In respect of ongoing projects, the Company has transferred unspent Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) amount, to a Special account before the date of this report and within a period of 30 days from the end of the financial year in compliance with the provision of section 135(6) of the Act.

For **DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP**

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)

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Manoj H. Dama Partner (Membership No. 107723) (UDIN: 24107723BKFJOX1656)

Mumbai, dated: 1 July 2024



Rubicon Research Private Llmited			<u>8</u>
Standalone Balance sheet as at 31 March 2024			
	Note	As at 31 March 2024	₹ in lakhs As at 31 March 2023
	Note	Alle	
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	2a	20,689,93	16,245.57
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2a 2b	958.22	2,450.56
(b) Capital work-in-progress	20 20	1,621.49	213.31
(c) Right of use assets	2d	862,75	1,832.79
 (d) Intangible assets (e) Intangible assets under development 	2e	10.00	
 (e) Intangible assets under development (f) Financial assets 			
(i) Investments		8 5	
- in subsidiaries	За	3,365.78	2,549.28
- in others	Зb	5.00	5.00
(ii) Loans	4	12,039.84	250.00
(iii) Other Financial Assets	5	2,767.20	2,063.76
(g) Non Current Tax assets (net)		331.36	677.39
(h) Deferred tax Assets (net)		92.32	*
(i) Other non-current assets	6	1,864.90	957.87
Total Non-Current Assets		44,608.79	27,245.53
CURRENT ASSETS			
(a) Inventories	7	18,146.54	9,882,88
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	8	25,204.65	35,037.13
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	4,046.83	4,176.11
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	10	778.52	448.54
(iv) Loans	11		4,518.43
(v) Other financial assets	12	2,458.06	2,238.10
(c) Other current assets	13	6,416.54	3,220.18
Total Current Assets		57,051.14	59,521.37
TOTAL ASSETS	-	1,01,659.93	86,766.90
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 EQUITY		1,520.99	507.00
(a) Equity share capital	14 15	46 065 75	43,842.61
(b) Other equity	15 -	47,586.74	44,349.61
Total Equity	2 2	47,500.74	.,
LIABILITIES 2 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	16	9,260.52	9,727.68
(ii) Lease liabilities	17	1,249.39	10
(b) Provisions	18	438.51	328,28
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	_	15	145.68
Total Non-Current Llabilities	÷-	10,948.42	10,201.6
3 CURRENT LIABILITIES		2	
(a) Financial liabilities	19	30,380.56	22,027.0
(i) Borrowings	17	288.98	36.0
(ii) Lease liabilities (iii)Trade payables			
- Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises		247.72	155.64
- Total outstanding dues of other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprise	25	9,555.13	7,256.9
(iv) Other financial llabilities	20	1,730.40	1,524.8
(b) Other current liabilities	21	671.53	166.2
(c) Provisions	22	103.88	145.9
(d) Current tax liabilities (net)	2	146.57	902.89
Total Current Liabilities	-	43,124.77	32,215.6
TOTAL LIABILITIES		54,073.19	42,417.2 86,766.9
		1,01,659.93	

The accompanying notes 1 to 53 are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

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In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP . Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018

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Manoj H. Dama Partner Membership No. 107723 Mumbai, 01 July 2024

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Pratibha Pilgaonkar Managing Director DIN:00301516 Nitin Jajodia Chief Financial Officer

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Rubicon Research Private Limited CIN: U73100MH1999PTC119744

Parag Sancheti Director and Chief Executive Officer DIN: 07686819

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Deepashree Tanksale Company Secretary Membership No: A28132 Thane, 01 July 2024

Rubicon Research Private Limited

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

		Note	Year ended	Year ended
artic	ulars		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
		23	63,051.29	40,747.91
Ι	Revenue from operations	23	2,643.04	2,839.56
П	Other income	24	65,694.33	43,587.47
111	Total Revenue (I + II)	3 -	03,034,03	10,007711
IV	EXPENSES			G.
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	25	24,791.66	15,392.97
	(b) Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	26	(1,070.21)	(1,303.75
	(c) Employee benefits expense	27	8,470.80	7,438.52
	(d) Finance costs	28	3,052.84	1,872.89
	(e) Depreciation and amortisation expense	2f	3,495.05	3,284.27
	(f) Other expenses	29	23,546.70	15,075.57
	Total Expenses		62,286.84	41,760.47
v	Profit before tax (III - IV)		3,407.49	1,827.00
vi	Tax Expense			
	(1) Current tax	40	1,129.02	803.00
	(2) Tax for earlier years		(5.33)	*
	(3) Deferred tax		(151.19)	(247.93
	Total tax expense	18	972.50	555.07
VII	Profit for the year (V - VI)	-	2,434.99	1,271.93
VIII	Other comprehensive income			
	 (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans 		(126.28)	11.52
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		31.78	(2.90
іх	Total other comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	-	(94.50)	8.62
x	Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + IX)	ਡ ਹੋ ਡ	2,340.49	1,280.55
XI	Earnings per equity share :			
	(1) Basic (₹)	37	1.60	0.84
	(2) Diluted (₹)	37	1.58	0.83

The accompanying notes 1 to 53 are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018

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Manoj H. Dama Partner Membership No. 107723 Mumbai, 01 July 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Rubicon Research Private Limited CIN: U73100MH1999PTC119744

Pratibha Pilgaonkar Managing Director DIN:00401516



Parag Sancheti Director and Chief Executive Officer DIN: 07686819

Deepashree Tanksale Company Secretary Membership No: A28132 Thane, 01 July 2024

Standalone Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2024

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٨.	Particulars Cash flow from operating activities Profit before tax		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Profit before tax			
	Profit before tax			
		12	3,407.49	1,827.00
	Adjustments for'			
	Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation expense		3,495.05	3,284.27
	Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)		(1.59)	(3.11
	Finance costs		3,052.84	1,872.89
	Interest on deposits with banks	8	(129.81)	(95.90
	Other interest		(797.42)	(300.83
			(1.38)	(0.90
	Dividend on Investment in shares		75.55	
	Bad trade receivables written off		(58.46)	34.43
	Provision for doubtful debts/ (written back)	2	12.83	51.15
	Provision for doubtful advances		52.56	121
	Provision for indirect taxes recoverable			218.60
	Share based payments expense		256.46	
	Unrealised exchange gain on revaluation (net)	*	(489.80)	(1,546.34)
	Fair value (gain)/loss on derivatives	š.	(313.98)	502.58
	Operating cash flows before working capital changes		8,560.34	5,792.69
	Changes in working capital:			
	Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		2 ×	
	Inventories	5	(8,263.66)	(4,128.27
	Trade receivables		10,283.32	(10,499.49
	Other current financial assets ,		79.96	(622.38
	Other current assets		(3,204.50)	290.03
			(456.05)	(386.08
	Other non-current assets	e	(37.79)	(218.79
	Other non-current financial assets		(07170)	(
	Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		2,376.38	1,602.38
	Trade payables		123.75	110.21
	Other current financial liabilities		505.26	(61.52
	Other current liabilities	692	(42.10)	65.38
	Current provisions			203.44
	Non-current provisions		(16.05)	
	Cash generated from / (used in) operating activities		9,908.86	(7,852.40
	Net Income tax paid	* 	(1,589.00)	(49.67
	Net cash flow generated from / (used in) operating activities		8,319.86	(7,902.07
3.	Cash flow from investing activities		28 28	
	Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment, intangib	ole assets, intangible		
	assets under development including capital advances		(5,591.39)	(3,713.51
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipments		9.78	5.05
	Purchase of non-current investments in subsidiary companies		(816.50)	(692.31
	Bank balances not considered as cash and cash equivalents (nei	H)	(330.10)	944.67
	Dividend received on Investment in shares	-,	1.38	0.90
			8,673.11	÷
	Current Loan to subsidiaries - Repayment		(15,870.63)	(50.00
	Non Current Loan to subsidiaries - Granted		129.81	95.90
	Interest on deposits with banks		746.02	14.50
	Other interest		740.02	14.50
	Net cash flow used in investing activities		(13,048.52)	(3,394.80





Rubicon Research Private Limited

Standalone Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2024

				₹ in lakhs
			Year ended	Year ended
	Particulars		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
			(t)	
с.	Cash flow from financing activities	1.0		
	Proceeds from non current borrowings		3,541.96	5,727.36
	Repayment of non current borrowings		(2,506.55)	(1,335.12)
	Proceeds from current borrowings (net)		6,795.27	10,029.69
	Payment of lease liabilities	<i>S</i> c.	(222.79)	(211.89)
	Finance costs		(2,996.05)	(1,819.92)
	Dividend paid		(25.35)	(25.36)
	Net Cash flow generated from financing activities		4,586.49	12,364.76
	Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	2	(142.17)	1,067.89
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year		4,176.11	2,956.98
	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		12.89	151.24
	Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the reporting year (Refer note 9)		4,046.83	4,176.11

Notes :

- The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard 7 (Ind AS -7) "Statement of Cash Flows" prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 2. Cash comprises cash on hand and current accounts with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), current investments that are convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.
- 3. Change in Liability arising from Financing Activities

inge in Liability ansing from Findheing Activities			₹ in lakhs
Non Current borrowings (including Current maturities)		Year ended	Year ended
	3	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening Balances		12,176.06	7,783.82
Changes from financing cash flows		1,035.41	4,392.24
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		7.53	
Closing Balances		13,219.00	12,176.06
	ж.		₹ in lakhs
Current Borrowings		Year ended	Year ended
Current Borrowings	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Opening Balances		19,578.65	9,135.63
Changes from financing cash flows		6,795.27	10,029.69
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		48.16	413.33
Closing Balances		26,422.08	19,578.65
		5	

In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 117366W/W-100018

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Manoj H. Dama Partner Membership No. 107723 Mumbai, 01 July 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Rubicon Research Private Limited CIN: U73100MH1999PTC119744

Pratibha Pilgaonkar Managing Director DIN100401516

Nitin Jajodia Chief Financial Officer

Parag Sancheti Director and Chief Executive Officer DIN: 07686819

Deepashree Tanksale Company Secretary Membership No: A28132 Thane, 01 July 2024

Rubicon Research Private Limited Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2024

Equity share capital А

Particulars		No. of shares	₹ in lakhs
Balance at 01 April 2022		50,69,978	507.00
Changes in Equity Share Capital			20
Balance at 31 March 2023	۵.	50,69,978	507.00
Changes in equity share capital during the current year (Re	fer Note no 14b)	14,70,29,362	1,013.99
Balance at 31 March 2024		15,20,99,340	1,520.99

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Other equity						
Particulars Balance as at 01 April 2022	Securities premium	Employee stock options	Retained earnings	Capital reserve	Remeasure-ment of the net Defined Benefit Plans	Total other equity
Balance as at 01 April 2022	24,798.73	1,222.61	16,252.59	96.85	(16.71)	42,354.07
Profit for the year	251	27	1,271.93		2 ⁻	1,271.93
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax			6 g (*	.	8.62	8.62
Payment of dividend	- CC - CC - CC - CC - CC - CC - CC - CC	9 G	(25.36)	$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$		(25.36
Share based payment to employees	343	233.35	э.		170	233.35
Balance as at 31 March 2023	24,798.73	1,455.96	17,499.16	96.85	(8.09)	43,842.61
Profit for the year	(#) ⁽	3	2,434.99	855	•	2,434.99
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		19 C 10	3	•	(94.50)	(94.50
Payment of dividend	10		(25.35)		* %÷	(25.35
Share based payment to employees		921.99	3 3	5 4 5	200	921.99
Issue of bonus shares	(1,013.99)				×	(1,013.99
Balance as at 31 March 2024	23,784.74	2,377.95	19,908.80	96.85	(102.59)	46,065.75

Nature and purpose of each reserve

Securities Premium

The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in securities premium. During the year, Company utilised a sum of ₹ 1,013.99 lakh out of the Company's securities premium account for issue and allotment of 1,01,39,956 equity shares of face value ₹ 10/- each of the Company as bonus shares.

Employee stock options

The fair value of the equity-settled share based payment transactions with employees is recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss with corresponding credit to Employee Stock Options Outstanding Account.

Capital Reserve

During amalgamation / merger / acquisition, the excess of net assets taken, over the consideration paid, if any, is treated as capital reserve.

Other Comprehensive Income

The reserve represents the remeasurement gains / (losses) arising from the actuarial valuation of the defined benefit obligations of the Company. The remeasurement gains / (losses) are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under this reserve within equity. The amounts recognised under this reserve are not reclassified to profit or loss.

In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP **Chartered Accountants**

Manoj H. Dama Partner Membership No. 107723 Mumbai, 01 July 2024



Pratibha Pilgaonkar Managing Director DIN:00401516

Nitin Jaj Office Chief Financia

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of **Rubicon Research Private Limited** CIN: U73100MH1999PTC119744

arag Sancheti **Director and Chie Executive Officer** DIN: 07686819

Deepashree Tanksale Company Secretary Membership No: A28132 Thane, 01 July 2024

₹ in lakhs

Rubicon Research Private Limited

Notes to the standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

1A. OVERVIEW:

Rubicon Research Private Limited ('the Company') (CIN: U73100MH1999PTC119744) incorporated in 1999, is an integrated pharmaceutical company with business encompassing the entire value chain in the research, development and production of pharmaceutical products.

The Company has established as a prominent player in generic pharmaceutical market in USA. It has a rich experience in research and development with a strong manufacturing base in variety of dosage forms.

1B. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

a) Basis of accounting and preparation of Standalone Financial Statements:

Basis of accounting

 i) These standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act and accounting principles generally accepted in India.

Functional and Presentation Currency

ii) These standalone financial statements are presented in Indian rupees in lakhs, which is the functional currency of the Company and has been rounded off to the nearest lakh and decimals thereof, except otherwise indicated.

Basis of measurement

- iii) These standalone financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value.
 - a) Derivative financial instruments
 - b) Certain financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value
 - c) Defined benefit plans
 - d) Employee stock options

Statement of material accounting policies

iv) Accounting policy information is material, if when considered together with other information included in entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of the financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

Accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material.

Use of Estimates and Judgements

- V)
- The preparation of the Standalone Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the Standalone

Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known/ materialize. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are included in the accounting policies.

- Measurement of defined benefit obligations
- Measurement and likelihood of occurrence of provisions and contingencies
- Recognition of deferred tax assets
- Useful lives of property, plant, equipment and Intangibles
- Impairment of financial assets

b) Property, Plant and Equipment & Depreciation

I. Recognition and Measurement:

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Capital work-in-progress in respect of assets which are not ready for their intended use are carried at cost, comprising of direct costs, related incidental expenses and attributable interest.

II. Subsequent Expenditure

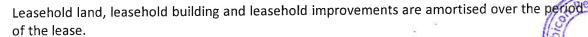
Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and only when it meets the recognition criteria as per Ind AS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment.

III. Depreciation

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment has been provided on the straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Act.

Depreciation method, useful live and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if appropriate.





Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e from (upto) the date on which asset is ready for use (disposed of).

Individual assets with cost upto ₹ 20,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

c) Intangible assets

I. Recognition and Measurement:

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. The cost of an intangible asset comprises of its purchase price, including any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the taxing authorities), and any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use.

Expenditure on development eligible for capitalization are carried as Intangible assets under development where such assets are not yet ready for their intended use.

II. Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

III. Amortization

Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful life on Straight Line Method as follows:

Particulars	Estimated Useful Life
Product development	5 years
Computer Software*	3 to 4 years

* SAP software is amortized over its estimated useful life of 10 years.

The estimated useful lives of intangible assets and the amortization period are reviewed at the end of each financial year and the amortization method is revised to reflect the changed pattern, if any.

d) Research and Development

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Revenue expenditure pertaining to research is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Development costs of products are also charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year it is incurred. These costs are charged to the respective heads in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year it is incurred. The amount capitalized comprises of expenditure that can be directly attributed or allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis for creating, producing and making the asset ready for its intended use. Fixed assets utilized for research and development are capitalized and depreciated in accordance with the policies stated for Tangible Fixed Assets and Intangible Assets.

Expenditure on in-licensed development activities, whereby research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes, is capitalized, if the cost can be reliably measured, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible and the Company has sufficient resources to complete the development and to use and set the passet.

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Rubicon Research Private Limited

Notes to the standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

e) Foreign Currency Transactions / Translations:

- i) Transactions denominated in foreign currency are recorded at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction or at rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.
- ii) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate of the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.
- iii) Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous standalone financial statements are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

f) Financial Instruments

I. Financial Assets

Classification

On initial recognition the Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Initial recognition and measurement

All Financial Assets are initially recognized at fair value. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of Financial Assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

Financial assets at amortised cost

A 'financial asset' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- i) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- ii) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

This category comprises trade accounts receivable, loans, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances and other financial assets. A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in Other Income using the effective interest rate method segea

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Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. The movements in carrying amount are taken through Other Comprehensive Income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in Other Comprehensive Income is reclassified from equity to the Statement of Profit and Loss and recognised in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in Other Income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Assets shall be measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's Statement of assets and liabilities) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
 - i) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - ii) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets



In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- i) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortized cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- ii) Trade receivables.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

II. Financial Liabilities

Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, at amortised cost (loans, borrowings and payables).

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind-AS 109.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and borrowings

erecognition

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

This category generally applies to interest-bearing loans and borrowings.



A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same

lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derivative financial instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and currency options to manage its exposure to and foreign exchange risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Statement of asset and liabilities if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

III. Measurement

The Company determines the fair value of its financial instruments on the basis of the following hierarchy:

- (a) Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments quoted in active markets is based on their quoted closing price at the year end date.
- (b) Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques using observable market data. Such valuation techniques include discounted cash flows, standard valuation models based on market parameters for interest rates, yield curves or foreign exchange rates, dealer quotes for similar instruments and use of comparable arm's length transactions.
- (c) Level 3: The fair value of financial instruments that are measured on the basis of entity specific valuations using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

g) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates items recognized directly in equity or in OCI.

Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- i) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and
- ii) Intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- i) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- ii) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

h) Inventories

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Inventories of all procured materials and Stock-in-Trade are valued at the lower of cost (on moving weighted average basis) and the net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary. Cost includes all charges in bringing the goods to their present location and condition, transit insurance and receiving charges. Work-in-process and finished goods include appropriate proportion of overheads and, where applicable, taxes.

i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise balances with banks including demand deposits and other short term highly liquid investments that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, are easily convertible into a known amount of cash and have a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or investment. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, in banks and demand deposits with banks.

j) Revenue Recognition

Sale of Goods

The majority of the Company's contracts related to product sales include only one performance obligation, which is to deliver products to customers based on purchase orders received. Revenue from sales of products is recognized at a point in time when control of the products is transferred to the customer, depending upon the terms of contract. This is determined basis when physical possession, legal title and risks and rewards of ownership of the products transfer to the customer and the Company is entitled to payment. The timing of the transfer of risks and rewards varies depending on the individual terms of the sales agreements. Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, sales tax/GST and applicable trade discounts and allowances. Revenue includes shipping and handling costs billed to the customer, if part of the contract.

Income from research services

Income from research services including sale of technology/know-how (rights, licenses and other intangibles) is recognized in accordance with the terms of the contract with customers when the related performance obligation is completed, or when risks and rewards of ownership are transferred, as applicable.

Interest income

Interest income is recognized with reference to the Effective Interest Rate method.

Dividend income

Dividend from investment is recognized as revenue when right to receive is established.

Income from Export Benefits and Other Incentives

Export benefits available under prevalent schemes are accrued as revenue in the year in which the goods are exported and / or services are rendered only when there reasonable assurance that the conditions attached to them will be complied with, and the amounts will be received.

k) Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Defined contribution plans



Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided and the Company will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

Defined benefit plans

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed periodically by an independent qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company , the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income (OCI). Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

Other long-term employee benefits

The Company's s net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The obligation is measured on the basis of a periodical independent actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurement are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

I) Share-based payment transactions

Employees Stock Options Plans ("ESOPs"): The grant date fair value of options granted to employees is recognized as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options. The expense is recorded for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award was, in substance, multiple awards. The increase in equity recognized in connection with share based payment transaction is presented as a separate component in equity under "Employee Stock Options Outstanding Reserve". The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of stock options that vest.



m) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company uses the definition of a lease in Ind AS 116.

Company as a lessee

The Company recognises right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. Right-of-use assets are tested for impairment loss, if any, is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate, Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. The Company determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole. The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments. The company recognises the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Company recognises any remaining amount of the re-measurement in statement of profit and loss.

n) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. If effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using an appropriate discount rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

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Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements. Contingent liabilities are disclosed for

- i) possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or
- ii) present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the standalone financial statements.

o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and is measured with reference to the effective interest rate (EIR) applicable to the respective borrowing. Borrowing costs include interest costs measured at EIR and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs, allocated to qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction/ development of the qualifying asset up to the date of capitalisation of such asset are added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period which they are incurred.

p) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the events for bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares). Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

q) Operating cycle

SKINS

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

1C. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time. There are no such recently issued standards or amendments to the existing standards for which the impact on the Standalone Financial information is required to be disclosed.

2 Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment	1	Gross	block		Accumulated depreciation and amortisation				
Particulars	As at 01 April 2023	Additions	Deduction	As at 31 March 2024	As at 01 April 2023	Additions	Deduction	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2024
Leasehold improvements	1,425.20			1,425.20	1,254.80	130.78	143	1,385.58	39.63
Leasenoid improvements	1,425.20			1,425.20	979.35	275.45	0.25	1,254.80	170.4
No. of the second	5,906.96	664.81		6,571.77	1,291.94	287.51	1	1,579,45	4,992.3
Buildings	5,812.16	94,80		5,906.96	1,018.90	273.04		1,291,94	4,615.0
Plant and equipment	11,259.19	4,927.19	7.33	16.179.05	2,435.38	1,017.11	1,90	3,450.59	12,728.4
Plant and equipment	8,311,45	2,947.74		11,259,19	1,737.16	698.22	15.00	2,435.38	8,823.8
	545.47	38,40	0.69	583.18	345.10	80.88	0.18	425,80	157.3
Office equipments	550.75	6.77	12,05	545.47	256.84	98_37	10.11	345,10	200.3
Parties and an annual second second	4,244.96	314.75		4,559.71	2,752.58	224.87		2,977.45	1,582.2
Lab equipments	4,116.24	128.72		4,244.96	2,549.77	202.81		2,752.58	1,492.
	414.29			414.29	112.81	15.48	4	128.29	286.0
Electrical equipments	414.29			414,29	87.91	24.90	20	112,81	301,4
Furniture and fixtures	591.65	270,76		862.41	214.45	69.54		283.99	578.4
urniture and fixtures	464.07	127.58	7.6	591.65	167.05	47.40		214.45	377.
	528.55	122.23		650.78	363,47	66.84		430,31	220.4
Computers	423.62	104.93		528.55	282.32	81,15		363,47	165,0
	155.57	25.68	4.43	176.82	55.74	18.26	2.18	71.82	105.0
Vehicles	104.46	51.11	4,45	155.57	39.87	15.87	•	55.74	99.
	25,071.84	6,363.82	12.45	31,423.21	8,826.27	1,911.27	A.26	10,733.28	20,689.9
	21,622.24	3,461.65	12.05	25,071.84	7,119.17	1,717.21	10.11	8,826.27	16,245
and the second	21,022,24	3,401.03	1 12,05	Legerator					958.2
Capital work-in-progress									2,450.5
Ageing of Capital work-in-progress			2					As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 20
Projects in Progress									
Less than 1 year								958.22	2,443.4
1 - 2 years									7.:
2 - 3 years								t.,	
More than 3 years								<u>.</u>	
more crian 5 years								958.22	2,450
Projects temporarily suspended								<u> </u>	
Total								958.22	2,450.5

There are no projects in progress which have become overdue compared to their original plans nor the cost has exceeded the original plans.

Right of use assets		Gross	block		Accumu	lated depreciat	tion and amo	ortisation	Net block
Particulars	As at 01 April 2023	Additions	Deduction	As at 31 March 2024	As at 01 April 2023	Additions	Deduction	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2024
	209,55		242	209.55	23.45	2.17		25.62	183,93
Leasehold land	209.55		122	209.55	21.29	2,16	•2	23,45	186.10
1 111 111	816.39	1,725.07	816.39	1,725.07	789.18	314.72	816.39	287.51	1,437.56
Right to Use - Leasehold building	816.39	1,725.07	010.55	816.39	625.90	163.28		789.18	27.21
	1,025.94	1,725.07	816.39	1.934.62	812.63	316.89	816.39	313.13	1,621.49
	1,025.94	1,725.07	810.33	1.025.94	647.19	165.44		812.63	213,31

Intangible assets	Gross block				Accumulated depreciation and amortisation				Net block	
Particulars	As at 01 April 2023	Additions	Deduction	As at 31 March 2024	As at 01 April 2023	Additions	Deduction	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2024	
A DECK MARKET MADE AND A DECK MARKET	6,554.83	. Inductions .		6,554.83	4,877.03	1,170.46		6,047.49	507.34	
Product development	6,554.83			6,554.83	3,588.38	1,288.65		4,877.03	1,677.8	
	752.75	296.85		1,049.60	613.86	83.77	<u> </u>	697.63	351.9	
Software	698 67	54.08		752.75	513.56	100.30	:	613.86	138 8	
	38.00			38.00	21.90	12.66	<u> </u>	34.56	3.44	
Customer contracts	38.00	5.0	*	38.00	9.23	12.67	· ·	21.90	16.1	
	7,345.58	296.85	567	7,642.43	5,512.79	1,266.89		6,779.68	862.75	
	7,291.50	54.08		7,345.58	4,111.17	1,401.62		5,512.79	1,832.7.	
							<u>8</u>		10.00	

e Intangible assets under development

Ageing of Intangible assets under development	1			As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Projects in Progress				10.00	
Less than 1 year			÷)	10.00	a 16
1 - 2 years		Se.		-	1
2 - 3 years					2
More than 3 years				-	
Above 2 years old				10.00	
Total				20.00	

Previous year figures are reported in italics. f Depreciation and Amortisation

Depreciation on Property, Plant and equipment Amortisation of Right of Use

Amortisation of Intangible assets



 As at 31 March 2024
 As at 31 March 2023

 1,911.27
 1,717.21

 316 89
 165.44

 1,266 89
 1,401.62

 3,495.05
 3,284.27

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Rubicon Research Private Limited Notes to the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

			As at 31 March	₹ in lakh As at 31 Marc
			2024	
No	n-Current Investments			
	estment in equity instrument			
(a)	in Subsidiary companies (unquoted) - at cost	Face value		
(a)	- AdvaGen Holdings Inc.	USD 1	1,292.08	3
	(Number of shares as on 31 March 24 - 19,52,050; 31 March 23 -		,	
	Nil)			
	- AdvaGen Pharma, Ltd.	USD 1		875.5
	(Number of shares as on 31 March 24 - Nil; 31 March 23 -		3	
	12,85,000)	3		
	- Rubicon Research Canada Ltd.	CAD 1	944.39	944.3
	(Number of shares as on 31 March 24 - 17,32,760; 31 March 23 -			
	17,32,760)			
	- Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Pvt Ltd	₹10	425.00) 25.0
	(Number of shares as on 31 March 24 - 42,50,000; 31 March 23 -		÷	
	250,000)			
	- Rubicon Academy LLP		2.00) 2.0
	(Percentage equity held on 31 March 24 - 99.5% ; 31 March 23 -			
	99.5%)		2	
	- Kia Health Tech Pvt Ltd	₹10	680.00	680.0
	(Number of shares as on 31 March 24 - 68,00,000; 31 March 23 -			
	68,00,000)			
	- Rubicon Research Private Limited (Singapore)	SGD 1	14.00) 14.0
	(Number of shares as on 31 March 24 - 25,000; 31 March 23 -		0	
	25,000)		8.33	1 8.3
	- Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd.	AUD 1	0.5.	1 8.5
	(Number of shares as on 31 March 24 - 15,000; 31 March 23 -			
	15,000)			
		24 ¹	3,365.78	8 2,549.3
(b)	*	7 50	F. 01	0 5.0
	- Thane Janata Sahakari Bank Ltd.	₹50	5.00	J 5.0
	(Number of shares as on 31 March 24 - 10,000, 31 March 23 -		15	
	10,000)			
			3,370.7	8 2,554.
				e.
	n-Current Loans		2.00	
Un	secured, considered good unless otherwise stated		12,039.8	4 250.
	Loans to related parties (Refer note 48)		12,059.0	- 250.0
	e	39	12,039.8	4 250.0
		. a	12,003.0	. 250.





Rubicon Research Private Limited

		₹ in lakhs
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Other Non-Current Financial Assets		
Receivable from related parties (Refer note 48)	2,021.59	1,336.94
Security deposits	294.40	275.73
Bank Deposits maturing more than 12 months	451.21	451.09
5.1 Bank deposits includes deposits marked under lien as on 31 March 2024 ₹		
451.21 lakhs out of which ₹ 450.00 lakhs is towards debt service reserve		
account and balance ₹ 1.21 lakhs is held as margin money towards Bank	ā.	
guarantee		
5.2 Bank deposits includes deposits marked under lien as on 31 March 2023 ₹		
451.09 lakhs out of which ₹ 450.00 lakhs is towards debt service reserve		
account and balance ₹ 1.09 lakhs is held as margin money towards Bank		1
guarantee	3	
	2,767.20	2,063.76
Other Non-Current Assets		
Unsecured, considered good:	3a	
Capital Advances	751.34	247.80
Advances other than capital advances		
Balances with government authorities (VAT credit/refund	52	52.56
receivable)	260	
Prepaid expenses	1,113.56	657.51
	1,864.90	957.87
Unsecured, considered doubtful:		
Balances with government authorities (VAT credit/refund	52.56	
receivable)	52.50	
Less: Provisions	52.56	
		2
-	1,864.90	957.87
Inventories		
Inventories (Valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value)		
Raw materials, excipients and packing material	14,888.31	7,735.12
	264.93	224.67
Stores and spares	2,118.14	1,097.41
	2,110.11	825.68
Work-in-process	875 16	
Work-in-process Finished goods	875.16	
Finished goods	875.16 18,146.54	9,882.88
Finished goods - 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023:		9,882.88
Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs)		9,882.88
Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023; ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and		9,882.88
Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs)		9,882.88
Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023; ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹		9,882.88
Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023; ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹		9,882.88
 Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) 		
 Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) Trade Receivables 		35,037.13
 Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023; ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) Trade Receivables Unsecured 	18,146.54	35,037.13
 Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) Trade Receivables Unsecured Considered good 	18,146.54 25,204.65	35,037.13
Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) 7 Trade Receivables Unsecured - Considered good - Credit impaired	18,146.54 25,204.65 52.49	35,037.13 110.95
 Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) Trade Receivables Unsecured Considered good 	18,146.54 25,204.65 52.49 25,257.14	35,037.13 110.95 35,148.08
Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) 7 Trade Receivables Unsecured - Considered good - Credit impaired	18,146.54 25,204.65 52.49 25,257.14	35,037.13 110.95 35,148.08
 Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) Trade Receivables Unsecured Considered good Credit impaired Less: Provision for loss allowances 	18,146.54 25,204.65 52.49 25,257.14 52.49	35,037.13 110.95 35,148.08 110.95
 Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) Trade Receivables Unsecured Considered good Credit impaired Less: Provision for loss allowances 8.1 Trade receivables include debts due from subsidiary companies as on 31 	18,146.54 25,204.65 52.49 25,257.14 52.49	35,037.13 110.95 35,148.08 110.95
 Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) Trade Receivables Unsecured Considered good Credit impaired Less: Provision for loss allowances 	18,146.54 25,204.65 52.49 25,257.14 52.49	35,037.13 110.95 35,148.08 110.95
 Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) Trade Receivables Unsecured Considered good Credit impaired Less: Provision for loss allowances 8.1 Trade receivables include debts due from subsidiary companies as on 31 March 2024 ₹ 15,799.13 lakhs (31 March 2023 ₹ 24,384.41 lakhs) (Refer note 	18,146.54 25,204.65 52.49 25,257.14 52.49	35,037.13 110.95 35,148.08 110.95 <u>35,037.13</u>
 Finished goods 7.1 Packing material as on 31 March 2024 ₹. 872.85 lakhs (as on 31 March 2023: ₹. 612.38 lakhs) 7.2 Inventory in transit as on 31 March 2024 for Raw material ₹ 39.38 lakhs and Finished goods Nil (31 March 2023: Raw material Nil and Finished goods ₹ 483.00 Lakhs) Trade Receivables Unsecured Considered good Credit impaired Less: Provision for loss allowances 8.1 Trade receivables include debts due from subsidiary companies as on 31 March 2024 ₹ 15,799.13 lakhs (31 March 2023 ₹ 24,384.41 lakhs) (Refer note 	18,146.54 25,204.65 52.49 25,257.14 52.49	35,037.13 110.95 35,148.08 110.95



Rubicon Research Private Limited Notes to the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

9 Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks	2024	202
Dalances with Daliks		
- in Current accounts*	1,376.31	834.19
- in Deposit accounts	1,230.17	1,100.17
- in EEFC accounts	1,436.04	2,239.29
Cash on hand	4.31	2.46
×	4,046.83	4,176.12
*(Includes money in transit as on 31 March 2024 ₹ 471.34 lakhs		
(31 March 2023 Nil)		
LO Bank balances other than disclosed in Note 9 above		
Bank Deposits marked under lien	778.52	448.5
(₹ 765.93 Lakhs (31 March 2023 ₹ 436.59 Lakhs) held as margin money towards Debt Service Reserve Account and ₹ 12.59 Lakhs as margin towards Bank Guarantees (31 March, 2023 ₹ 11.95 Lakhs against pending completion of equitable mortgage in case of a Term Loan)	;	
	778.52	448.5
	-	
1 Current loans		
Unsecured, considered good		
Loans to related parties (Refer note 48)	a 8 °	4,518.4
	·	4,518.4
12 Other Current Financial Assets		
Receivable from related parties (Refer note 48)	109.54	617.3
Mark to market derivative assets	248.52	
Export benefits receivable	303.42	97.0
Balances with government authorities (refund receivable)	1,700.59	1,460.9
Other current financial assets	95.99	. 62.7
=	2,458.06	2,238.1
13 Other Current Assets		
Unsecured, considered good:		
Prepaid expenses	2,847.78	1,380.2
Advances to vendors	1,414.14	820.6
Advances to employees	4.58	0.4
Export benefits receivable	14	6.0
Balances with government authorities (GST credit)	2,100.11	963.5
Assets recoverable from customers	49.93	49.2
	6,416.54	3,220.1
Unsecured, considered doubtful:		
Advances to vendors	12.83	
Less: Provision for credit impaired	12.83	
	•	
2 ×		



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Rubicon Research Private Limited

Notes to the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

14 Equity share capital

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a) Equity share capital		As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
Particulars		No. of shares	₹ in lakhs	No. of shares	₹ in lakhs
Authorised Equity shares of ₹ 1/- each (₹ 10 /-each as at March 31, 2023)		23,89,90,000	2,389.90	2,38,99,000	2,389.90
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Equity shares of ₹ 1/- each (₹ 10 /-each as at March 31, 2023)	-	15,20,99,340	1,520.99	50,69,978	507,00
	Total	15,20,99,340	1,520.99	50,69,978	507.00

Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
Particulars	No. of shares	₹ in lakhs	No. of shares	₹ in lakhs
Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	50,69,978	507.00	50,69,978	507.00
Add: Bonus shares issued and allotted during the year by capitalisation of securities premium (Refer Note No. 14 g)	1,01,39,956	1,013.99	*	•2
Add: Split of shares (Refer Note No. 14 h)	13,68,89,406		8	•
Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	15,20,99,340	1,520.99	50,69,978	507.00

Shares held by Holding company c)

Destinutes	As at 31 Mar	ch 2024	As at 31 Marc	:h 2023
Particulars	No. of shares	₹ in lakhs	No. of shares	₹ in lakhs
Equity shares of Rs.1 each (₹ 10 /-each as at March 31, 2023), fully paid-up held by:				
General Atlantic Singapore RR PTE LTD	8,88,87,540	888.88	29,62,918	296.29

ils of shares held by promoters at the end of the year * d)

Details of shares field by promoters at the child of the year	As at 31 Ma	rch 2024	As at 31 March 2023		Movement
Name of Promoter	No. of shares	% of Holding	No. of shares	% of Holding	during the year
		20			(Refer Note No.
					14 g and 14 h)
General Atlantic Singapore RR PTE LTD	8.88.87,540	58%	29,62,918	58%	8,59,24,622
	64,35,000	4%	2,14,500	4%	62,20,500
Sudhir Dhirendra Pilgaonkar	64,35,000	4%	2,14,500	4%	62,20,500
Pratibha Sudhir Pilgaonkar	1.30,95,000	9%	4,36,500	9%	1,26,58,500
Surabhi Sancheti	1,30,65,000	9%		9%	1,26,29,500
Sumant Pilgaonkar		0%		0%	
Parag Sancheti	30,000	0%	1,000	070	23,000

* There is no movement in shares held by promoters in the previous year.

Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% equity shares

Details of shales held by each shaleholder holding more wait one of	As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2024		arch 2023
Name of Shareholder	No. of shares	% of Holding	No. of shares	% of Holding
Constantia Signature BR DIE LTD	8,88,87,540	58%	29,62,918	58%
General Atlantic Singapore RR PTE LTD	1,30,95,000	9%	4,36,500	9%
Surabhi Sancheti	1,30,65,000	9%	4,35,500	9%
Sumant Pilgaonkar	2,23,57,230		7,45,241	15%
Shivanand Shankar Mankekar HUF				

f) Voting Rights

The Company has only one class of equity shares. The shareholders have voting rights in the proportion of their shareholding. Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of Company, the shareholders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Issue of bonus shares to the equity shareholders of the Company g)

Pursuant to the Board of Directors' approval in their meeting held on October 06,2023 for issue of the Bonus and Shareholders' approval in their meeting held on October 09,2023, the Company utilised a sum of ₹ 1,013.99 lakhout of the Company's securities premium account for issue and allotment of 1,01,39,956 equity shares of face value ₹ 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each ("Equity Shares") of the Company as bonus shares ("Bonus Equity Shares") credited as fully paid-up, to the eligible shareholders of the Company, whose names appeared in the Register of Members as on October 9, 2023, in the proportion of 2:1, Bonus Equity Share of Two for every one fully paid Equity Shares each held by them and the Bonus Shares so issued shall, for all the purposes, be treated as increase in the Paid-up Capital of the Company.

Sub-Division of face value of equity shares of the Company

As on February 21, 2024, the face value of equity shares of ₹ 10/- was reduced to ₹ 1/-. Accordingly, 152,09,934 equity shares of ₹ 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each of the company were sub-divided into 15,20,99,340 equity shares of ₹ 1/- each.

Pursuant to the bonus issue and the stock split, the existing issued, paid-up and subscribed share capital of the Company stands at ₹ 1,520.99 lakhs consisting of 15,20,99,340 i) equity shares of face value of ₹ 1/- each.

Authorised Share Capital j)

Pursuant to the sub-division/ split of existing equity shares of the company, the Authorized Share Capital was stated to ₹ 2,389.90 lakhs divided into 23,89,90,000 equity shares of ₹ 1/- (Indian Rupee One only) each as approved in the extra ordinary general meeting of the members held on February 19, 2024.





Notes to the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

_		As at 31 March	As at 31 Marc
		2024	202
5	Other Equity	1911 - 19	
	Securities premium		
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	24,798.73	24,798.7
	Less: Issue of bonus shares during the year (Refer note 14(g))	(1,013.99)	
	Balance as at the end of the year	23,784.74	24,798.7
	Employee stock options outstanding		
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	1,870.46	1,222.63
	Add: Additions during the year (net)	2,431.58	647.8
		4,302.04	1,870.46
		(4.004.00)	(414 50
	Less: Deferred ESOP expenditure	(1,924.09)	(414.50
	Balance as at the end of the year	2,377.95	1,455.90
	Capital reserve		
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	96.85	96.8
	Balance as at the end of the year	96.85	96.8
	Retained earnings	- ²	
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	17,499.16	16,252.5
	Add: Additions during the year	2,434.99	1,271.93
	Less: Dividend	(25.35)	(25.36
	Balance as at the end of the year	19,908.80	17,499.1
			8
	Other comprehensive income		
	Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	()	46.7
	Balance as at the beginning of the year	(8.09)	(16.71
	Add: Additions during the year	(94.50)	8.6
	Balance as at the end of the year	(102.59)	(8.09
	* *	46,065.75	43,842.6
6	Non-Current Borrowings		÷.
0	Secured loans - at amortised cost		
	Term loans from banks	9,260.52	9,727.68
	Term Loans are secured against mortgage of immovable property and carries		
	interest rate in the range of 7.2-9% p.a.	e ⁸	
	These loans are repayable within 18 to 72 months.		
	The Company has not defaulted on repayment of loans and interest during the year.		
	yuan,	9,260.52	9,727.6

16.1 Nature of Security

Lender	Security	Address of Immovable Property
DBS Bank HDFC Bank		MIDC, Ambernath East, 421506, Maharashtra. Thane: MedOne House, B - 75, Road No 33, Wagle Estate, Thane West - 400604
HDFC Bank	Second Pari pasu charge on immovable property located at Satara for HDFC Bank.	Satara: J-4/2 Additional MIDC Satara, 415004, Maharashtra



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Notes to the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

÷

		As at 31 March	As at 31 Marc
		2024	202
		ι.	
17	Lease Liabilities		
	Lease liability	1,249.39	
	- Non current	288.98	36.0
	- Current	1	
		1,538.37	36.0
18	Non-Current Provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits (Refer Note 39)	a	
	Gratuity	196.64	106.4
	Compensated absences	241.87	221.7
		438.51	328.2
		<u>8</u>	
19	Current Borrowings		
	Secured loans - at amortised cost	26,422.08	19,578.6
	Loans from banks Loans comprise of packing credit facilities, buyers' credit and working capital	20,422.00	
	demand loans availed from HDFC Bank, HSBC Bank, DBS Bank and Axis Bank, and are secured by hypothecation of inventories and book debts carrying interest rate at SOFR plus market driven margins.	(1)	
	The Company has not defaulted on repayment of loans and interest during the		
	year.		
	Current maturities of long-term borrowings	3,958.48	2,448.3
		541	
		30,380.56	22,027.0
	19.1 The quarterly returns or statements comprising (stock statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters.	30,380.56	22,027.0
	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters.	30,380.56	22,027.0
	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities	30,380.56	¢.
	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		97.4
	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities		97. 65.
	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure	154.22 688.77	97. 65. 598.
	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure Employee related payable	154.22	97. 65. 598. 733.
	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure	154.22 688.77 848.45 38.96	97. 65. 598. 733. 29.
	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure Employee related payable Other payables *	154.22 688.77 848.45	97. 65. 598. 733. 29.
20	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure Employee related payable Other payables * * (Mainly includes Interest payable to MSME Vendors) Other Current Liabilities	154.22 688.77 848.45 38.96 1,730.40	97.4 65.4 598.3 733.4 29.4 1,524.8
20	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure Employee related payable Other payables * * (Mainly includes Interest payable to MSME Vendors) Other Current Liabilities Statutory dues payable	154.22 688.77 848.45 38.96 1,730.40 433.44	97.4 65.4 598.1 733.4 29.0 1,524.8 153.
20	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure Employee related payable Other payables * * (Mainly includes Interest payable to MSME Vendors) Other Current Liabilities	154.22 688.77 848.45 38.96 1,730.40	97.4 65.4 598.1 733.4 29.0 1,524.8 153.
20	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure Employee related payable Other payables * * (Mainly includes Interest payable to MSME Vendors) Other Current Liabilities Statutory dues payable	154.22 688.77 848.45 38.96 1,730.40 433.44	97.4 65.4 598. 733. 29. 1,524.8 153. 12.1
20	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure Employee related payable Other payables * * (Mainly includes Interest payable to MSME Vendors) Other Current Liabilities Statutory dues payable	154.22 688.77 848.45 38.96 1,730.40 433.44 238.09	97.4 65.4 598. 733. 29. 1,524.8 153. 12.1
20	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure Employee related payable Other payables * * (Mainly includes Interest payable to MSME Vendors) Other Current Liabilities Statutory dues payable Advances from customers	154.22 688.77 848.45 38.96 1,730.40 433.44 238.09	97.4 65.4 598. 733. 29. 1,524.8 153. 12.1
20	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure Employee related payable Other payables * * (Mainly includes Interest payable to MSME Vendors) Other Current Liabilities Statutory dues payable Advances from customers	154.22 688.77 848.45 38.96 1,730.40 433.44 238.09	97. 65. 598. 733. 29.0 1,524.8 153. 12. 166.
20	statements, book debt, statements on ageing analysis of the debtors and other stipulated financial information) filed by the Company with the bank are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the respective quarters. Other Current Financial Liabilities Interest accrued but not due on borrowings Mark to Market derivative liabilities Payable for capital expenditure Employee related payable Other payables * * (Mainly includes Interest payable to MSME Vendors) Other Current Liabilities Statutory dues payable Advances from customers Current Provisions Provision for employee benefits (Refer Note 39)	154.22 688.77 848.45 38.96 1,730.40 433.44 238.09	97.4 97.4 558.4 733.4 29.6 1,524.8 153.3 12.5 166.5 57.4 88.4





Rubicon Research Private Limited Notes to the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

			₹ in lakh
÷		Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ende 31 March 202
			2
3 Revenue from operations			
Sale		C1 222 54	20.022.8
Goods		61,323.54	39,033.8
Research services	- iš	295.33	837.3
Other Operating Revenue	1		
Export benefits and other incer	tives	548.39	299.5
Royalty income	1	884.03	577.22
		63,051.29	40,747.91
		:63 IR	
24 Other income			
Income on financial assets carried a	t amortised cost		
Interest on deposit with banks		129.81	95.90
Other interest	•	797.42	300.8
Income on financial assets carried a	t fair value through profit or loss		1
Dividend on Investment in shar	es	1.38	0.90
Net foreign exchange gain		1,593.32	2,383.9
Provision for doubtful debts writter	n back (net)	58.46	-
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and	d Equipment (net)	1.59	3.12
Other Non-Operating Income	25 A.	61.06	54.8
2		2,643.04	2,839.56
	8		×
5 Cost of materials consumed		22,515.24	13,796.7
Raw materials consumed		2,276.42	1,596.24
Packing materials consumed		2,270.42	1,000.2-
0		*!	





Notes to the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

		Year ended	Year ende
		31 March 2024	31 March 202
26 Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progr			
to changes in inventories of initialized goods and work in progr			
Opening stock			
Finished goods		825.68	313.82
Work in progress		1,097.41	305.52
		1,923.09	619.34
Less:		54	
Closing stock		12.1	
Finished goods		875.16	825.6
Work in progress		2,118.14	1,097.43
		2,993.30	1,923.09
Changes in inventory	2		
Finished goods		(49.48)	(511.86
Work in progress		(1,020.73)	(791.89
		(1,070.21)	(1,303.75
		(1,070.21)	(1,505.75
Note: Provision for inventory made during the year agg	regates		
to ₹261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹205.10 Lakhs)	regates		ą.
to ₹ 261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹ 205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense	regates	7,677.54	6,810.20
to ₹ 261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹ 205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages	regates	7,677.54 207.01	
to ₹261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds	regates		167.4
to ₹261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds Share based payments expense (Refer note 38)	regates	207.01	167.4 218.6
to ₹261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds	regates	207.01 256.46	167.4 218.6 49.2
to ₹ 261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹ 205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds Share based payments expense (Refer note 38) Gratuity (Refer note 39)	regates	207.01 256.46 91.11 238.68	167.4 218.6 49.2 193.0
to ₹ 261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹ 205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds Share based payments expense (Refer note 38) Gratuity (Refer note 39)	regates	207.01 256.46 91.11	167.4 218.6 49.2 193.0
to ₹261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds Share based payments expense (Refer note 38) Gratuity (Refer note 39) Staff welfare expenses	regates	207.01 256.46 91.11 238.68	167.4 218.6 49.2 193.0
 to ₹ 261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹ 205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds Share based payments expense (Refer note 38) Gratuity (Refer note 39) Staff welfare expenses 28 Finance costs 		207.01 256.46 91.11 238.68 8,470.80	167.4 218.6 49.2 193.0 7,438.5
 to ₹ 261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹ 205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds Share based payments expense (Refer note 38) Gratuity (Refer note 39) Staff welfare expenses 28 Finance costs Interest on financial liabilities - borrowing carried at an 		207.01 256.46 91.11 238.68	167.4 218.6 49.2 193.0 7,438.5 1,522.1
 to ₹ 261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹ 205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds Share based payments expense (Refer note 38) Gratuity (Refer note 39) Staff welfare expenses 28 Finance costs Interest on financial liabilities - borrowing carried at an Net Interest on net defined benefit liability 		207.01 256.46 91.11 238.68 8,470.80 2,649.28	167.4 218.6 49.2 193.0 7,438.5 1,522.1 5.9
 to ₹ 261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹ 205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds Share based payments expense (Refer note 38) Gratuity (Refer note 39) Staff welfare expenses 28 Finance costs Interest on financial liabilities - borrowing carried at an Net Interest on net defined benefit liability Interest cost on Finance lease obligation 		207.01 256.46 91.11 238.68 8,470.80 2,649.28 12.00	167.4 218.6 49.2 193.0 7,438.5 1,522.1 5.9 22.3
 to ₹ 261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹ 205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds Share based payments expense (Refer note 38) Gratuity (Refer note 39) Staff welfare expenses 28 Finance costs Interest on financial liabilities - borrowing carried at an Net Interest on net defined benefit liability Interest cost on Finance lease obligation Other Borrowing Costs (includes bank charges, etc.) 		207.01 256.46 91.11 238.68 8,470.80 2,649.28 12.00 158.50	167.4 218.6 49.2 193.0 7,438.5 1,522.1 5.9 22.3 221.5
 to ₹ 261.01 lakhs (previous year ₹ 205.10 Lakhs) 27 Employee benefits expense Salaries and wages Contribution to provident fund and other funds Share based payments expense (Refer note 38) Gratuity (Refer note 39) Staff welfare expenses 28 Finance costs Interest on financial liabilities - borrowing carried at an Net Interest on net defined benefit liability Interest cost on Finance lease obligation 		207.01 256.46 91.11 238.68 8,470.80 2,649.28 12.00 158.50 143.78	6,810.26 167.4 218.6 49.2 193.0 7,438.5 1,522.1 5.9 22.3 221.5 100.9





Notes to the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

		Year ended	Year ender
		31 March 2024	31 March 202
29 Other expenses			
		a ² av	15.18
Processing Charges	£5,	1,517.63	1,082.13
Consumption of stores and spares		1,51,.00	_,
Repairs and Maintenance:		7.25	12.47
- Buildings		322.33	338.94
- Plant and Machinery	5	179.00	239.34
- Others		55.35	233.3-
Rent and Other Hire Charges		473.59	13.42
Rates and Taxes		187.87	77.30
Insurance			1,535.23
Power and Fuel	•.)	1,831.40	749.7
Contract Labour Charges		1,113.61	48.82
Selling and Promotion Expenses		42.66	
Freight and Forwarding	540	3,866.53	2,386.87
Postage and Telephone Expenses		23.11	
Printing and stationery		81.06	69.2
Travelling and Conveyance		554.84	527.9
Legal and Professional Charges		1,087.74	992.1
Auditors' remuneration (Refer note 35)	11	27.00	27.8
Regulatory fees		4,904.47	2,327.72
Clinical and Analytical Charges		638.52	572.8
Product development expenses		5,848.14	3,403.2
Bad Trade Receivables written off	0	75.55	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Provision for doubtful debts			34.4
Provision for doubtful advances		12.83	-
Provision for indirect taxes recoverable		52.56	15
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses (Refer note 42)		80.30	136.6
Donations	×	1.56	4.42
Miscellaneous Expenses		561.80	433.2
8 4			
	-	23,546.70	15,075.57





Commitments 30

Ųΰ	innititients		₹ in lakhs
		As at	As at
Pa	rticulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
а	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for, net of advances.	761.13	369.24
b	Corporate guarantee given by the company to the supplier of its subsidiary Advagen Pharma Europe OU	584.60	3 2 5
с	The Company has executed bond in favour of the Customs department pursuant to various incentives schemes issued by	12,807.51	3,779.82
	Director General of Foreign Trade (DGFT).		

31 Contingent Liabilities

Conting							
		As at	As at				
Particu	lars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023				
a The	e Sales tax demands in respect of Maharashtra Value Added Tax and Central Sales Tax are in appeals and pending decisions.	160.37	160.37				
	e demands received from income tax authorities for various assessment years, on account of disallowances of expenses are appeals and pending decisions.	863.22	744.49				

Future cash outflows in respect of the above, if any, is determinable only on receipt of judgement / decisions pending with the relevant authorities. The Company does not expect the outcome of the matters stated above to have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

32 During the year, the Company has subscribed to the equity of AdvaGen Holdings Inc., USA a subsidiary with initial investment of ₹416.50 Lakhs.

Further, the Company has transferred its investment in equity shares of AdvaGen Pharma Limited a subsidiary having carrying value of Rs 875.58 Lakhs to AdvaGen Holdings Inc., USA in consideration of freshly issued shares.

During the year, the Company has subscribed to the equity of Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Private Ltd. a subsidiary with further investment of ₹ 400 Lakhs.

The Company has provided loans to its subsidiaries which is bearing interest of 7% to 8.5% p.a. The loan is held by the Group within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows which are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Hence the loan to the subsidiaries is classified at amortised cost.

Particulars of loans given and guarantee provided, as required by clause (4) of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013: <u>A. Loan given</u>

Name of the Subsidiary	Amount outstanding on 31 Mar 2024 (₹ in Jakhs)	Rate of interest p.a.
AdvaGen Holdings Inc., USA	11,667.75	SOFR + 2%
	67.84	SORA + 4%
	54.25	BBSW + 3.5%
	200.00	7.50%
Kia Health Tech Pvt Ltd	50.00	7.50%
Name of the Subsidiary	Amount	Rate of interest
	outstanding on	p.a.
	31 Mar 2023	
	(₹ in lakhs)	
AdvaGen Pharma Limited, USA	2,464.60	LIBOR + 3%
	2,053.83	SOFR + 3%
	200.00	7.50%
Kia Health Tech Pvt Ltd	50.00	7.50%
	AdvaGen Holdings Inc., USA Rubicon Research Private Limited (Singapore) Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd. Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Pvt. Ltd. Kia Health Tech Pvt Ltd Name of the Subsidiary AdvaGen Pharma Limited, USA Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.	AdvaGen Holdings Inc., USA 11,667.75 Rubicon Research Private Limited (Singapore) 67.84 Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd. 54.25 Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Pvt. Ltd. 200.00 Kia Health Tech Pvt Ltd 50.00 Name of the Subsidiary Amount Outstanding on 31 Mar 2023 (₹ in lakhs) (₹ in lakhs) AdvaGen Pharma Limited, USA 2,464.60 AdvaGen Pharma Limited, USA 2,053.83 Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Pvt. Ltd. 200.00

All the above loans are unsecured and were granted for purpose of working capital requirements.

B. Guarantee provided

Corporate guarantee given by the Company to the supplier of its subsidiary Advagen Pharma Europe OU and outstanding as at 31 March 2024 Euro 6.50 lakhs (Previous year:Nil). The aforesaid corporate guarantee has been given for business purposes.





Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

33 Revenue from contracts with customers

a Revenue from contract with customers is from sale of manufactured goods and rendering of research services. Sale of goods are made at a point in time and revenue is recognised upon satisfaction of the performance obligations. The Company has a credit evaluation policy based on which the credit limits for the trade receivables are established. There is no significant financing component as the credit period provided by the Company is not significant in proportion to its operating cycle.

Income from research services including sale of technology/know-how (rights, licenses and other intangibles) is recognised in accordance with the terms of the contract with customers when the related performance obligation is completed.

Variable components such as discounts, rebates, sales returns etc. continues to be recognised as deductions from revenue in compliance with Ind AS 115.

b Disaggregation of revenue:

			₹ in lakhs
		For the Year	For the Year
Nature of Segment	3	ended	ended
	×	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
A. Major Product/Service line:			
- Sale of pharmaceutical goods		61,323.54	39,033.81
- Income from research services		295.33	837.36
- Export benefits, royalty etc.		1,432.42	876.74
Total revenue from contracts with customers		63,051.29	40,747.91
B. Primary geographical market:			
- India		1,069.22	1,066.80
- USA		60,863.72	38,208.69
- Others	9	1,118.35	1,472.42
Total revenue from contracts with customers	10	63,051.29	40,747.91
C. Timing of the revenue recognition:			
- Goods/Services transferred at a point in time		62,755.96	39, 9 10.55
- Services transferred over time		295.33	837.36
Total revenue from contracts with customers		63,051.29	40,747.91
	2	(

34 Segment Reporting

The Company has presented data relating to its segments based on its consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, in terms of paragraph 4 of the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 108) "Operating Segments", no disclosures related to segments are presented in this standalone financial statements.

Single Customer who contributed 10% or more of the revenue for the year are: Customer 1- 64% and Customer 2- 15% (Previous year : Customer 1- 52% and Customer 2- 20%).

35 Auditors' Remuneration

	<u> </u>			₹ in lakhs
			For the Year	For the Year
Particulars		120	ended	ended
1 di ficalai s		 	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Payment to Auditors* :				
a As Auditors			23.40	24.25
b For tax audit			3.00	3.00
c For other services including certification	on		0.60	0.60
Total			27.00	27.85

Excluding Goods and Service Tax

36 The Company has leasehold premises for the period of 60 months. Information about leases for which the Company is lessee is presented below:

Right of use assets		₹ in lakhs
	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Carrying amount of :		
Right of use : Leasehold land	183.93	186.10
Right of use : Buildings	1,437.56	27.21





				E.			2	₹ in lakhs
Particulars							Right of use : Leasehold land	Right of use : Buildings
Cost :						15	200 55	816.39
Balance at 01 April 2022					*1		209.55	
Additions			×.				856	8
Disposal / Derecognized during the year							5 2 0	
Balance at 31 March 2023							209.55	816.39
Additions								1,725.07
Disposal / Derecognized during the year								(816.39)
Balance at 31 March 2024							209.55	1,725.07
				1			92	
Accumulated depreciation :							24.20	625.90
Balance at 01 April 2022							21.29	
Additions							2.16	163.28
Disposal / Derecognized during the year							100	
Balance at 31 March 2023					÷.		23.45	789.18
Additions							2.17	314.72
Disposal / Derecognized during the year			e .				985	(816.39)
Balance at 31 March 2024							25.62	287.51
	35	5a						
Balance at 31 March 2024							183.93	1,437.56
Balance at 31 March 2023				22			186.10	27.21

Lease liabilities

Lease habinties							₹ in lakhs
						7	Right of use :
Particulars							 Buildings
Balance at 31 March 2022							247.98
Accreditation of interest							22.32
Principal and Interest payments	5	6					(234.21)
Balance at 31 March 2023							36.09
					× .		1,725.07
Additions Accreditation of interest			3				158.50
							(381.29)
Principal and Interest payments							1,538.37
Balance at 31 March 2024							,
Guerrant						<u>2</u>	288.98
Current							1,249.39
Non-current				3			

Table showing contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis:

SN Particulars		g contractual maturities of lease nabilities of an undiscounce build.		As at	As at	
Six Particulars				31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
a Less than One year				427.44	36.09	
				1,498.01		
c More than Five years				8	C20	
Total				1,925.45	36.09	

Amounts recognised in profit and loss

Amounts recognised in profit and loss	54 - C		₹ in lakhs
	F	or the Year	For the Year
Particulars		ended	ended
Particulars	31 N	Aarch 2024	31 March 2023
		316.89	165 44

Total		8	
	3	475.39	187.76
Interest expense on lease liabilities		158.50	22.32
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets		316.89	165.44





37 Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share is calculated as under:

For the Year	For the Year
ended	ended
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
2,434.99	1,271.93
15,20,99,340	15,20,99,340
18,78,659	13,64,371
15,39,77,999	15,34,63,711
1.60	0.84
1.58	0.83
1:	1.60

refer Note No 14g and 14h).

38 Share-based payment arrangements

i) Employee stock options - equity settled

The Company implemented "Rubicon Employees Stock Option – Scheme – A and Scheme– B" under clause 4 of the "Rubicon Employees Stock Option Plan" ("the Plan") effective from 04 April 2019. The new Employees Stock Option Scheme - 2022 ("RRPL ESOS-2022") was implemented on and shall remain effective from 22 July 2022.

The management determines which eligible employees will receive options, the number of options to be granted, the vesting period and the exercise period. The options are granted at an exercise price at the time of such grants. Each option entitles the holder to exercise the right to apply for and seek allotment of thirty equity share of ₹ 1 each (after giving impact of bonus issue and shares split during the year also refer note no 14g and 14h). The options issued under the 'above schemes vest in a phased manner after completion of the minimum period of one year with an exercise period as per the schemes from the respective grant dates.

The following share based payment arrangements were in existence during the current and prior years:

Number o options							Option Seri
48							Scheme A
1,4					12		Scheme B
57				· ·			
7,-							
7,4		55			24		
7.							
.,							
7,		ы			24		RRPL ESOS-2022 RRPL ESOS-2022 RRPL ESOS-2022 RRPL ESOS-2022 RRPL ESOS-2022

The fair value of stock options granted during the period has been measured using the Black–Scholes option pricing model at the date of the grant. The Black-Scholes option pricing model includes following assumptions.

Grant date share price Exercise price Dividend yields Expected volatility Expected term Risk free interest rates	4 2	5	ł,	Scheme A 2,869.24 493 0.0687% 0% 3 years 4.574%	Scheme B 2,869.24 480 0.0687% 0% 3 years 4.574%	RRPL ESOS-2022 3,571 3,232 0.0% 7.7% 4 years 6.79%	RRPL ESOS-2022 8,514.00 480.00 0.0% 35.0% 4 years 7.33%
---	------------	---	----	---	---	--	---

Movements in share options during the year 2023-24 2022-23 Weighted Weighted No of Options Average Exercise No of Options Average Exercise price (₹) price (₹) 50,233 492.63 1,09,056 1,970.20 Balance at beginning of the year 480.00 58,823 3,232.00 29,748 Granted during the year 3,232.00 903 . Forfeited during the year 1,09,056 1.970.20 1,37,901 1,640.48 Balance at end of the year

The share options outstanding at the end of the year had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2721 days (as at March 31, 2023: 2891 days).





Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

39 Post-Employment Benefits

(i) Defined Contribution Plans

The Company makes contributions towards provident fund and state defined contribution plans to a defined contribution retirement benefit plan for qualifying employees. The fund is administered by the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner. Under the plan, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit plan to fund the benefits.

The Company recognised ₹ 192.58 lakhs (previous year ₹ 156.54 lakhs) for contributions in provident and pension fund, labour welfare funds and ESIC in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plans

The Company makes annual contributions to the Employees' Group Gratuity-cum-Life Assurance Scheme of the Life Insurance Corporation of India, a funded defined benefit plan for eligible employees. The scheme provides payment to vested employees at retirement, death or on resignation/termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary for each completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service.

The present value of the defined benefit plans and the related current service cost were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date.

The following table sets out funded status of the gratuity plan and the amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

				Gratuity (F	₹ in lakhs
	~X			As at	As at
Particulars				31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Reconciliation in present value of obligations (PVO') – defined benefit obligation:		⁻		
Current service cost		2		91.11	51.74
Interest cost				29.32	19.06
Actuarial loss / (gain)				9	
- Due to demographic assumption				(5.34)	\approx
- Due to finance assumption	4			3.82	(17.46)
- Due to experience assumption				127.80	5.94
Benefits paid	2	2		(13.76)	(19.83)
PVO at the beginning of the year		15		400.73	361.28
PVO at the end of the year				633.68	400.73
ii Change in fair value of plan assets:					
Expected return on plan assets					2.49
Interest Income				17.33	13.16
				196.72	2.31
Contributions by the employer				(13.76)	(19.83)
Benefits paid	uear.			236.75	238.62
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the	year			437.04	236.75
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	1a.				
iii Reconciliation of PVO and fair value of plan ass	ets.			633.68	400.73
PVO at the end of the year		1		437.04	236.75
Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year				196.64	163.98
Net liability recognised in the Balance Sheet					
iv Expense recognised in the Statement of Profit a	and Loss:			91.11	51.74
Current service cost				91.11	(2.49)
Return on plan assets excluding net interest			~	11.99	5.90
Interest cost (net)		3		103.10	55.15
Total expense recognised in the Statement of Pr	ofit and Loss			103.10	55.15
 Other Comprehensive Income 				(5.24)	84
- Due to demographic assumption	2			(5.34)	
- Due to financial assumption				3.82	(17.46)
 Due to experience assumption 		8		127.80	5.94
Total amount recognised in OCI (Income) / Expe	nse			126.28	(11.52
vi Category of assets as at the end of the year:					226 75
Insurer Managed Funds (100%)				437.04	236.75
(Fund is Managed by LIC as per IRDA guidelines,	category-wise composition of the plan a	ssets is not available)			
			²	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
vii Assumptions used in accounting for the gratuit	y pian:	2		7.15	7.30
Discount rate (%)				8.00	8.00
Salary escalation rate (%)				24.81	23.67
Average Remaining Service (years)				25.00	23.00
Employee Attrition Rate (%)	(i)			20.00	20.00



Employee Attrition Rate (%)



Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

					Year ended		
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
viii Experience adjustments							
-On plan liabilities			127.80	5,94	5.97	5.47	14.86
-On plan assets			5	545 1270		1.17	(1.06)
PVO			633.68	400.73	361.28	197.88	163.13
FV of plan assets			437_04	236.75	238.62	120.75	103.10
Excess of (obligation over plan	*		(196.64)	(163,98)	(122.66)	(77.13)	(60.03)
assets)/ plan assets over		2					
obligation							

ix Expected future benefit payments

x Expected fature benefit payments	₹ in lakhs
	As at
Particulars	31 March 2024
1 year	171.59
2 to 5 years	396.20
6 to 10 years	206.53
More than 10 years	81.82

The Company's best estimate of the contributions expected to be paid to the plan during the next year is ₹ 285.53 lakhs.

x The estimates of salary escalation considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Reasonably, possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below:

Gratuity (Funded)	2023	-24	2022-	23
oracional (Landoca)	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (0.5%)	(11.57)	12.00	(6.80)	7.10
Salary growth (0.5%)	11.84	(11.53)	6.05	(5.84

40 Income taxes

a Tax expense recognised in Statement of profit and loss

Tax expense recognised in Statement of profit and loss		₹inl		
		For the Year	For the Year	
Particulars		ended	ended	
Falticulars		31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
	5 S			
Current Tax Expense for the year		1,129.02	803.00	
Tax expense written back of prior years	7.	(5.33)	÷	
Net Current Tax Expense		1,123.69	803.00	
Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		(151.19)	(247.93)	
Net Deferred Tax Expense		(151.19)	(247.93)	
Tax expense for the year	E.	972.50	555.07	

b Tax expense/(benefit) recognised in other comprehensive income

			₹ in lakhs
	For th	e Year	For the Year
Particulars		ended	ended
ratuculars	31 Marc	h 2024	31 March 2023
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			10.001
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans		31.78	(2.90)
		31.78	(2.90)
•		-	

c Reconciliation of effective tax rate

MUMBA

			For the Year	For the Year
			ended	ended
			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
		ić.	3,407.49	1,827.00
	1		857.60	459.82
			78.41	2
			41.82	95.25
			977.83	555.07
<u>*</u> .:				
	:	20 	2	<u>31 March 2024</u> 3,407.49 857.60 78.41 41.82



Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

d Movement in deferred tax balances:

				₹ in lakh.
Particulars	Net balance on	Recognized in	Recognized in	Net balance on 31 March 2024
	01 April 2023	profit or loss*	OCI	51 March 2024
Deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)				
Property, plant and equipment	(350.45)	(33.59)		(384.04
MTM of current investments and derivatives	16.47	(79.02)		(62.55
Trade Receivables	27.93	》(14.72)	1	13.21
Employee benefits	159.98	264.32	31.78	456.08
Other items	0.39	69.23		69.62
Net Deferred tax assets / (liabilities)	(145.68)	206.22	31.78	92.32
*Includes deferred tax income of ₹ 55.03 lakhs in respect of earlier year				
Particulars	Net balance on	Recognized in	Recognized in	Net balance on
	01 April 2022	profit or loss	OCI	31 March 2023
Deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)				
Property, plant and equipment	(409.06)	58.61	150	(350.45
MTM of current investments and derivatives	(110.02)	126.49		16.47
rade Receivables	18.83	9.10	10	27.93
Employee benefits	107.04	55.84	(2.90)	159.98
Dther items	2.50	(2.11)	5.1	0.39
Net Deferred tax assets / (liabilities)	(390.71)	247.93	(2.90)	(145.68)

41 The aggregate amount of revenue expenditure incurred during the year on Research and Development and shown in the respective heads of account is ₹ 11,782,30 lakhs (previous year ₹ 7,287.97 lakhs). The capital expenditure incurred on research and development during the year is ₹ 224.91 lakhs (previous year ₹ 11.6.62 lakhs).

42 Expenses towards activities relating to Corporate Social Responsibility in compliance with section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 (read with Schedule VII) is as under:

							₹ in lakhs
			¥1			For the Year	For the Year
articulars						ended	ended
						31 March 2024	31 March 2023
ross amount required to be spent by the Company						80.30	136.62
mount of expenditure incurred							
Amount spent on construction/ acquisition of any asset						20	2
Amount spent on purpose other than 1 above						370 3	53.61
						80.30	83.01
						80.30	136.62
portfall at the end of the year							
						(*)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					160	Note 2	Note 1
						Education, Public	welfare, Public
ature of CSR activities	21		<u>.</u> .			Health related	projects, etc.
	mount of expenditure incurred Amount spent on construction/ acquisition of any asset Amount spent on purpose other than 1 above Provision made for unspent amount. Mortfall at the end of the year otal of previous years shortfall eason for shortfall	ross amount required to be spent by the Company mount of expenditure incurred Amount spent on construction/ acquisition of any asset Amount spent on purpose other than 1 above Provision made for unspent amount. Mortfall at the end of the year otal of previous years shortfall eason for shortfall	ross amount required to be spent by the Company mount of expenditure incurred Amount spent on construction/ acquisition of any asset Amount spent on purpose other than 1 above Provision made for unspent amount. Mortfall at the end of the year otal of previous years shortfall eason for shortfall	ross amount required to be spent by the Company mount of expenditure incurred Amount spent on construction/ acquisition of any asset Amount spent on purpose other than 1 above Provision made for unspent amount. Fortfall at the end of the year stal of previous years shortfall eason for shortfall	ross amount required to be spent by the Company mount of expenditure incurred Amount spent on construction/ acquisition of any asset Amount spent on purpose other than 1 above Provision made for unspent amount. Mortfall at the end of the year stal of previous years shortfall eason for shortfall	ross amount required to be spent by the Company mount of expenditure incurred Amount spent on construction/ acquisition of any asset Amount spent on purpose other than 1 above Provision made for unspent amount. Fortfall at the end of the year otal of previous years shortfall eason for shortfall	ended ended 31 March 2024 31 March 2024 ross amount required to be spent by the Company 80.30 mount of expenditure incurred 4 Amount spent on construction/ acquisition of any asset 4 Amount spent on purpose other than 1 above 80.30 Provision made for unspent amount. 80.30 notrfall at the end of the year 80.30 stal of previous years shortfall Note 2 Education, Public Education, Public

1) Out of ₹ 83.01 lakh unspent as at 31 March, 2023, the Company has spent ₹ 69.25 lakh on eligible project during the year. Balance of ₹ 13.76 lakhs has been deposited to unspent CSR account subsequent to the year end and shall be spent on the identified projects.

2) The amount of ₹ 80.30 Lakhs transferred to unspent CSR account subsequent to the year end pertaining to 'Ongoing projects' for FY 2023-24.





43 The information regarding Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

			₹ in lakhs
-	Particulars	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
_		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
ia:	Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year*	279.55	155.64
	Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year	0.46	2.66
ii.	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	1,957.55	•
iii.	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006	33.26	20
iv	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	36.38	2.66
v.	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006	0.04	*

* Includes liability towards Payable to Capital Vendors of ₹ 31.83 lakhs as of 31 March 2024 (Previous year 31 March 2023 : Nil)

44 Financial Instruments

Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

A Accounting classification and fair values

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are presented below. It does not include the fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

						₹ in lakhs
¥.						T - 4 - 1
FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level Z	Level 3	Total
		2	2			
F 00		5.00		727	5.00	5.00
5.00	24	5.00				
	2 767 20	2 767 20	1.25			
•	2,767.20	2,707.20				
	42,020,04	13 030 84				2
-	•		 E E 			
	,	,		-		
30.0	778.52		* <u>:</u>			249.52
248.52	5 ⁶		-			248.52
7 7 0	2,209.54	2,209.54	-			•
		4	25		3	
S2	9.260.52	9,260,52	(14)			*
				(1 2)	54S	-
543	,		(e)			8
2			24		3	
	•	,	54) (42)	N 3740	222	-
	200,50			12.	۲	
					59 k	
	1 720 40	1 730 40				<u> </u>
	248.52	5.00 2,767.20 12,039.84 25,204.65 4,046.83 778.52 248.52 - 2,209.54 - 9,260.52 1,249.39 30,380.56 9,802.85 - 288.98	5.00 - 5.00 2,767.20 2,767.20 12,039.84 12,039.84 25,204.65 25,204.65 4,046.83 4,046.83 778.52 778.52 248.52 248.52 2,209.54 2,209.54 - 9,260.52 9,260.52 1,249.39 1,249.39 30,380.56 30,380.56 - 9,802.85 9,802.85 - 288.98 288.98	5.00 - 5.00 - 2,767.20 $2,767.20$ - 12,039.84 $12,039.84$ - 25,204.65 $25,204.65$ - 4,046.83 $4,046.83$ - 778.52 778.52 - 248.52 - 248.52 - 2,209.54 $2,209.54$ - 9,260.52 $9,260.52$ - 1,249.39 $1,249.39$ - 30,380.56 $30,380.56$ - 9,802.85 $9,802.85$ - 288.98 288.98 -	5.00 $5.002,767.20$ $2,767.2012,039.84$ $12,039.8425,204.65$ $25,204.654,046.83$ $4,046.83778.52$ $778.52248.52$ 248.52 $248.522,209.54$ $2,209.549,260.52$ $9,260.521,249.39$ $1,249.3930,380.56$ $30,380.569,802.85$ $9,802.85288.98$ 288.98	5.00 5.00 5.00 2,767.20 2,767.20 - 12,039.84 12,039.84 - 25,204.65 25,204.65 - 4,046.83 4,046.83 - 778.52 778.52 - 248.52 248.52 248.52 9,260.52 9,260.52 - 1,249.39 1,249.39 - 30,380.56 30,380.56 - 9,802.85 9,802.85 - 288.98 288.98 -





Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

							₹ in lakhs
Fair value - As at 31 March 2023					5		Tabal
	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
				162			
Financial assets							
Non-Current Investments –	5.00	-	5.00	050	35	5.00	5.00
others	¥0						
Other Non-Current Financial		2,063.76	2,063.76			5 4 0	(¥)
Assets							
Loans	24	4,768.43	4,768.43	200	283	8 8 6 - 63	±5
Trade Receivables	27	35,037.13	35,037.13	223	5¥0	9 C	
Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,176.11	4,176.11	() E 3			
Other Bank Balances	52	448.54	448.54	()(6)	/)E2	S70	1.5
Derivative instruments			3	100	1	300	
Others	æ	2,238.10	2,238.10	1.50	· (e)	525	2
Financial liabilities				10			
		9,727.68	9,727.68			5 3 /	-
Non-Current Borrowings		9,727.08	5,727.00			120	
Non-Current Lease liabilities		22,027.03	22,027.03		90	580	•
Current Borrowings	2	,	7,412.56		-		÷.
Trade Payables Current	Ş 4	7,412.56	36.09	÷.		- ×	
Current Lease liabilities	- 2	36.09	36.09	1.5	283 1	150	
Other Current Financiał Liabilities							
Derivative instruments	65.46		65,46		65.46		65.46
Others	05.40	1,459.37	1,459.37	(#)		100	52
others					- 10 ¹		

B Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, for financial instruments measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Түре	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs Significant unobservable inputs significant unobservable inputs saud measurement
Derivative instruments	Forward pricing: The fair value is determined using quoted exchange rates at the reporting date and present value calculation on high credit quality yield curves in the respective currency. The obtained from the bank.	is based

C Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- Credit risk:
- Liquidity risk; and

- Market risk

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's management regularly identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management systems are reviewed periodically to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training, standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board of Directors oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

🗓 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investment securities. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company establishes an allowance for doubtful debts and impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables and investments. In addition, the Company is exposed to credit risk in relation to financial guarantees given to the supplier of its subsidiary Advagen Pharma Europe OU. The Company's maximum exposure in this respect is the maximum amount the Company would have to pay if the guarantee is called upon. (Refer Note no. 30 (b))





Inter-

Trade receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

As at year end, the carrying amount of the Company's largest customer (a Customer based outside India) was ₹ 15,596.72 lakhs (31 March 2023 ₹ 24,256.90 lakhs).

Summary of the Company's exposure to credit risk by age of the outstanding from various customers is as follows

		₹ In lakhs
	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
- Not past due	19,260.32	23,404.53
- 1-180 days	4,761.10	11,602.66
- 181-365 days	1,101.65	24.80
- more than 365 days	134.07	116.09
Total	25,257.14	35,148.08

Expected credit loss assessment

Exposures to customers outstanding at the end of each reporting period are reviewed by the Company to determine incurred and expected credit losses. Historical trends of impairment of trade receivables do not reflect any significant credit losses. Given that the macroeconomic indicators affecting customers of the Company have not undergone any substantial change, the Company expects the historical trend of minimal credit losses to continue.

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of trade and other receivables during the year was as follows:

The movement in the anowance for impairment in respect of these and other receivables during the year was a revenue.		₹ in lakhs
	For the Year	For the Year
Particulars	ended	ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balance as at the beginning of the year	110.95	76.51
Impairment loss/(gain) recognised (net)	(58.46)	34.44
Balance as at the year end	52.49	110.95

Cash and cash equivalents

As at the year end, the Company held cash and cash equivalents of ₹ 4,046.83 lakhs (31 March 2023- ₹ 4,176.11 lakhs). The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank.

Other Bank Balances - Other bank balances are held with bank. Derivatives - The derivatives are entered into with bank.

Investment in mutual funds

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by generally investing in liquid or arbitrage securities and only with counterparties that have a good credit rating. The Company does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counter-parties.

Other financial assets are neither past due nor impaired.

ii Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company has obtained fund and non-fund based working capital lines from various banks. The Company invests its surplus funds in bank fixed deposit and liquid and liquid plus schemes of mutual funds, which carry no/low mark to market risks. The Company monitors funding options available in the debt and capital markets with a view to maintaining financial flexibility.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date.

			142			₹ in lakhs
As at 31 March 2024		Carrying amount	0-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	>5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non-Current Borrowings		9,260.52		3,834.12	5,426.40	(#
Lease Liabilities		1,538.37	288.98	725.46	523.93	-
Other Current Financial Liabilities		1,730.40	1,730.40	*		1
Current Borrowings		30,380.56	30,380.56	-	÷2	(A.
Trade Payables		9,802.85	9,802.85	-		
Total		52,712.70	42,202.79	4,559.58	5,950.33	3
HASKING & O	Ċê.		P		es l	earch of
MUMPALE		3			(5)	

						₹ in lakhs
As at 31 March 2023	94	Carrying amount	0-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	>5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non-Current Borrowings		9,727.68	÷ *	3,076.90	6,355,15	295.63
Lease Liabilities		36.09	36.09			3
Other Current Financial Liabilities		1,459.37	1,459.37		10 C	÷.
Current Borrowings		22,027.03	22,027.03	0.52		
Trade Payables		7,412.56	7,412.56		363	2
Total		40,662.73	30,935.05	3,076.90	6,355.15	295.63

iii Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. We are exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk. Thus, our exposure to market risk is a function of revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure in our foreign currency revenues and costs. The Company uses derivatives to manage market risk. Generally, the Company seeks to hedge its exposure in foreign currency to manage volatility in profit or loss.

iv Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its operations in other countries. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. The exchange rate between the Indian rupee and foreign currencies has changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future. Consequently, the Company uses derivative instruments, i.e. foreign exchange forward and options contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in respect of its highly probable forecasted transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.

The Company enters into foreign currency forward contracts which are not intended for trading or speculative purposes but for hedge purposes to establish the amount of reporting currency required or available at the settlement date of certain payables/receivables.

The Company also enters into derivative contracts in order to hedge and manage its foreign currency exposures towards future export earnings.

Following is the derivative financial instruments to hedge the highly probable forecasted transactions in foreign exchange:

			000
Currency	Cross Currency	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
USD	INR	5,28,16,846	2,09,54,872
USD	INR	*	4,00,000
	USD	USD INR	31 March 2024 USD INR 5,28,16,846

Exposure to Currency risk

Following is the currency profile of non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities:

) ě	₹ in lakhs	
Particulars			As at 31 March 2024			
		U	SD	EURO	Others	
Financial assets						
Other non current financial assets			1,341.30	1	680.29	
Loans to subsidiaries		1	1,667.75		122.09	
Cash and cash equivalents			1,436.04	0.19	0.74	
Trade Receivables		2	4,711.48	0.74	3 2	
Other current financial assets			0.10	3.98	54.29	
Financial liabilities						
Trade Payables			1,042.88	139.11	2,242.20	
Current Borrowings	8	2	2,731.58	(#) (B		
Net statement of financial position exposure		1	5,382.21	(134.20)	(1,384.79)	
• • • • •						

					₹ in lakhs
Particulars			As	As at 31 March 2023	
		2	USD	EURO	Others
Financial assets					
Other non current financial assets			1,336.94		10
Loans to subsidiaries			4,518.43	2 6	2
Cash and cash equivalents			2,239.52	1.40	0.50
Trade Receivables			34,710.88	32.87	24
Other current financial assets	12	8	344.54	5 - 9	32.12
Financial liabilities					
Trade Payables			333.80	378.76	0.07
Current Borrowings			12,676.03	÷:	9
			3		
Net statement of financial position exposure		-	30,140.48	(344.49)	32.55





USD

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Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against US dollars at March 31 would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in US dollars and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

31 March 2024			Profit or	(loss)	Equity, ne	t of tax
1% movement			Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
USD			153.82	(153.82)	115.11	(115.11)
EUR		-	(1.34)	1.34	(1,00)	1.00
Others			(13.85)	13.85	(10.36)	10.35

31 March 2023		Profit o	r (loss)	Equity, ne	₹ in lakhs t of tax
1% movement		Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
USD		301.40	(301.40)	225.55	(225.55
EUR		(3.44)	3.44	(2.58)	2.58
Others	¥2	0.33	(0.33)	0.24	(0.24)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing financial assets or borrowings because of fluctuations in the interest rates, if such assets/borrowings are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing borrowings will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates, and the future cash flows of floating interest bearing borrowings will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

Company's interest rate risk arises from borrowings and finance lease obligations. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing borrowings is as follows:

			₹ in lakhs
		A	sat As at
Particulars	ñ	31 March 2	31 March 2023
Non-Current Borrowings		20 20	5
Fixed rate borrowings		5,384	56 11,424.14
Variable rate borrowings		7,834	44 751.92
Current Borrowings			
Fixed rate borrowings		4,199	
Variable rate borrowings		22,222.	10 13,675.88
Total		39,641.	08 31,754.71
	8° 👘		

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate borrowings at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

			24		₹ in lakhs
A			5.1	Profit	or (loss)
Particulars				100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
Cash flow sensitivity (net) 31 March 2024 Variable-rate borrowings	8" ×	×	ä	(300.57)	300.57
31 March 2023 Variable-rate borrowings				(144.28)	144.28

The risk estimates provided assume a change of 100 basis points interest rate for the interest rate benchmark as applicable to the borrowings summarised above. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The period end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.

Commodity rate risk

The Company's operating activities involve purchase of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (API), whose prices are exposed to the risk of fluctuation over short periods of time. Commodity price risk exposure is evaluated and managed through procurement and other related operating policies. As of March 31, 2024, and March 31, 2023 the Company had not entered into any derivative contracts to hedge exposure to fluctuations in commodity prices.



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Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

45 Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The board of directors seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'total equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interestbearing loans and borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and current investments.

The Company's adjusted net debt to total equity ratio was as follows

company's adjusted net debt to total equity ratio was as follows				₹ in lakhs
			As at .	As at
Particulars	22		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Total borrowings			39,641.08	31,754.71
Less : Cash and cash equivalent			4,046.83	4,176.11
Less : Other Bank Balances			1,229.73	899.63
Adjusted net debt			 34,364.52	26,678.97
Total equity			47,586.74	44,349.61
Adjusted net debt to total equity ratio		19	0.72	0.60

46 Trade Payable

Trade Payable Ageing as on 31st March 2024 Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total	
		2			years	years	
MSME	204.75	41.89		0,03	1.05	247.72	
Others	8,611.57	822.76	114.02	0.83	5.95	9,555.13	
Disputed dues - MSME	2.6	2	(1)	(1 3)			
Disputed dues - Others	1747	8		, in the second se		-	
	8.816.32	864.65	114.02	0.86	7.00	9,802.85	

Trade Payable Ageing as on 31st March 2023. Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
					years	
i MSME	147.13	7.43	0.03	1.05	· · · · ·	155.64
ii Others	6,695.55	555.07	0.87	5.22	0.21	7,256.92
ii Disputed dues - MSME	(e)	÷	202	1.0	50 L	
v Disputed dues - Others	- C-	1	220		(*);	
	6,842.68	562.50	0.90	6.27	0.21	7,412.56

47 Trade Receivable

Trade Receivable Ageing as on 31s	March 2024						₹ in lakhs
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
i Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	19,242.08	4,761.10	1,095.52	88.61	17.34		25,204.65
ii Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	18.24		6.13	8.33	19.79	5.5	52.49
iii Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	34	÷)		1992	8. B	876	8
iv Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful			6				-
	19,260.32	4,761.10	1,101.65	96.94	37.13	3 1 0	25,257.14
Trade Receivable Ageing as on 31s	t March 2023						R in lakh:
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
i Undisputed Trade Receivables ~ considered good	23,399.73	11,595.26	24.80	17.34 -	1	· ·	35,037.13
ii Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful	4.80	7.40	5 7 .0	30.84	22.58	45.33	110.95
iii Disputed Trade Receivables -		5	(a)	19 4 9	2. ^{2.2}		08







Related Party Disclosures, as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 (Ind AS 24) are given below: 48

A Relationships

Category I: Subsidiaries: Advagen Holdings, Inc (USA) (with effect from 1 June 2023) AdvaGen Pharma Limited (USA) (step down subsidiary with effect from 30 August 2023) Rubicon Research Canada Limited (Canada) Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Private Limited Rubicon Academy LLP Rubicon Research Private Limited (Singapore) Kia Health Tech Pvt Ltd Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd (with effect from 27 April 2022) Validus Pharmaceutical LLC (USA) (step down subsidiary with effect from 14 February 2024) Advagen Realty LLC (USA) (upto 08 November 2022) Advatech Bio Pharma Ltd (USA) Advagen Pharma Europe OÜ (Estonia) (with effect from 15 May 2023)

Category II: Holding Company: General Atlantic Singapore RR PTE Ltd

Category III: Key Management Personnel (KMP):

Mrs. P. S. Pilgaonkar Mr. Parag Sancheti

Mr. Sumant Pilgaonkar

Mr. Nitin Jajodia

Managing Director Director and Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer

Category IV: Others (Close member of KMP and Entities in which the KMP and Relatives of KMP have control or significant influence): Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer and their relatives are partners Medone Pharma Labs Otrio Ventures Pvt Ltd. Chief Executive Officer and their relatives are partners Chief Executive Officer and their relatives are partners Terentia Venture Partners Mr. S. D. Pilgaonkar Senior Vice President (Husband of Managing Director) Executive Vice President (Daughter of Managing Director and Wife of Chief Executive Officer) Mrs. Surabhi Sancheti Senior Vice President (Son of Managing Director)

•		For the Year ended	
		ended	For the Year ended
			ended
		24 BA	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
06.0			
(1)		9	
		40,031,26	20,951.17
		63.47	83.20
	5		
	22		
2			96.06
		3,893.08	1,652.40
		30.42	319.99
		21.53	14.93
	2		
		345.06	13.53
42		6.00	6.00
		3.98	
	20 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	2 	63.47 61.71 3,893.08 30.42 21.53 345.06 6.00

Purchase of materials Subsidiaries

Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Private Limited





Reimbursement of expenses								
Subsidiaries								
Rubicon Research Private Limited (Sir	ngapore)			(e			6.42	3.1
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd							15.48	29.7
AdvaGen Pharma Limited							147.17	1.00
Rubicon Research Canada Limited	5	27					0.94	
nterest income Subsidiaries					÷		÷.	
AdvaGen Pharma Limited							196.15	267.5
	- I faste ad						15.04	15.0
Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Private	eLinnieu						2.83	3.7
KIA Health Tech Pvt Ltd							551.96	
Advagen Holdings, Inc						a - ^	1.51	
Rubicon Research Private Limited (Sir	ngapore)						0.15	1000
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd							0.15	
eave and licence fees								
Others	12	āć.					520.12	234.8
Medone Pharma Labs								234.0
Remuneration paid			8				k)	
(ey Management Personnel (KMP) (Ref	er Note B.1)						77 67	174.0
Mrs. P. S. Pilgaonkar							77.07	174.0
Mr. Parag Sancheti							231.89	226.9
Mr. Nitin Jajodia						14	190.97	226.9
	hinh tha MAR -	nd Palatives of V	MP have control or	significant in	fluence			
Close member of KMP and Entities in wi	men ine KMP a	ind relatives of K	wir nave control of	and			38.24	40.0
Mr. S. D. Pilgaonkar							187.69	184.4
Mrs. Surabhi Sancheti							105.44	103.8
Mr. Sumant Pilgaonkar		÷					105.44	100.0
eimbursement of expenses					54			
Cey Management Personnel (KMP)			e 1					
Mrs. P. S. Pilgaonkar							1,80	1.8
Mr. Parag Sancheti							1.80	1.8
Mr. Nitin Jajodia							1,80	1.8
territediane								
Close member of KMP and Entities in w	hich the KMP a	ind Relatives of K	MP have control or	significant in	fluence	6		
Mr. S. D. Pilgaonkar				· •)			1.80	1.8
_							1.80	1.8
Mrs. Surabhi Sancheti Mr. Sumant Pilgaonkar							1.80	1.8
Mr. Sumant Pilgaonkar								
							Facthe Veer	₹ in la For the Y
					2		For the Year ended	enc
Transactions							31 March 2024	31 March 20
nvestments during the year Subsidiaries								
							416.50	
Advagen Holdings, Inc	a Limited			20			400.00	-
Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Privat	e conted							670.
Kia Health Tech Pvt Ltd							121	14.
Rubicon Research Private Limited (Si	ngapore)							8.
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd								
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Fransfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)		8	
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Fransfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries	arma Limited in	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)		875.58	
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Fransfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)		875.58	,
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Transfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)	×	875.58	a
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Transfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs Subsidiaries	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)	a ~		14.
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Fransfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs Subsidiaries AdvaGen Pharma Limited	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	iote No.32)	e e	(14.76)	14.
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Transfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs Subsidiaries	arma Limited ii	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)			14.
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Transfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs Subsidiaries AdvaGen Pharma Limited	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)	н ^с	(14.76)	14.
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Fransfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs Subsidiaries AdvaGen Pharma Limited	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)		(14.76)	
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Transfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs Subsidiaries AdvaGen Pharma Limited	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)		(14.76)	
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Transfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs Subsidiaries AdvaGen Pharma Limited	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	iote No.32)		(14.76)	14. Search ,o
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Fransfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs Subsidiaries AdvaGen Pharma Limited	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	iote No.32)	а ^{т.}	(14.76) 680.29	
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd ransfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs subsidiaries AdvaGen Pharma Limited	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	lote No.32)		(14.76) 680.29	
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Transfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs Subsidiaries AdvaGen Pharma Limited	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)	e. R	(14.76) 680.29	
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Transfer of Investment in AdvaGen Pha Subsidiaries Advagen Holdings, Inc Recovery of ESOP costs Subsidiaries AdvaGen Pharma Limited Rubicon Research Canada Limited	arma Limited i	n consideration o	of freshly issued sh	ares (Refer N	ote No.32)	а, 1	(14.76) 680.29	

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Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Loans given			
Subsidiaries			
Advagen Holdings, Inc		11,590.80	2
Rubicon Research Private Limited (Singapore)	2	68.09	÷:
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd	6	54.23	2
AdvaGen Pharma Limited		4,157.50	7 5
KIA Health Tech Pvt Ltd			50.00
2			
Loan repaid			
Subsidiaries			
AdvaGen Pharma Limited	2) (U	8,673.11	13
Dividend paid			
Holding company			
General Atlantic Singapore RR PTE Ltd	9	14.81	14.81
	91 C		
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	8		
Mrs. P. S. Pilgaonkar		1.07	1.07
Mr. Parag Sancheti		0.01	0.01
Close member of KMP and Entities in which the KMP and Relatives of KMP have	control or significant influence		4.07
Mr. S. D. Pilgaonkar	32	1,07	1.07
Mrs. Surabhi Sancheti		2,18	2.18
Mr. Sumant Pilgaonkar		2.18	2.18
Others		0.00	0.00
Terentia Venture Partners		0.09	0.09

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties:

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the yearend are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. For the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties (31 March 2023- Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

B.1 Compensation of Key Managerial Personnel

The compensation of directors and other member of Key Managerial Personnel during the year was as follows:

			₹ in lakhs
	Particulars	For the Year	For the Year
		ended	ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
i)	Short-term benefits	499.93	627.94
ii)	Post employment benefits	30	
III)	Share based payments	72.07	67.51
	Total	572.00	695.45

Remuneration to the key managerial personnel doesn't include provision made for gratuity and compensated absences as they are determine on actuarial basis for the Company as a whole. Share based payments represents amortisation of Employee Stock Option granted to Key management personnel, which vest over a period of time.

C Balances due from/to the related parties

						₹ in lakhs
					As at	As at
Transactions					31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Investments						
Subsidiaries ,						075 50
AdvaGen Pharma Limited					253	875.58
Advagen Holdings, Inc					1,292.08	
Rubicon Research Canada Limited			- C		944.39	944.39
Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Private Limited	(R)				425.00	25.00
Rubicon Academy LLP					2.00	2.00
Kia Health Tech Pvt Ltd					680.00	680.00
Rubicon Research Private Limited (Singapore)					14.00	14.00
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd				- e *	8.31	8.31
		<u>s</u> .				





Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

							As at	As a
Transactions		35					31 March 2024	31 March 202
Deposit given								
Others								
Medone Pharma Labs					*	i,	100.00	100.00
Trade receivable			3					
Subsidiaries								
AdvaGen Pharma Limited							15,596.72	24,256.90
Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Private Limited	<u>*</u> .						202.40	127.51
Trade payable				141				
Subsidiaries		100						605.04
Rubicon Research Canada Limited							2,240.89	625.34
Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Private Limited							126.21	126.46
Trade advance						i a		
Subsidiaries					12		40.00	
AdvaGen Pharma Limited							13.98	145.91
Loans given								
Subsidiaries	2							4,518.43
AdvaGen Pharma Limited							200.00	200.00
Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Private Limited				- 25			50.00	50.00
KIA Health Tech Pvt Ltd							67.84	50.00
Rubicon Research Private Limited (Singapore)							11,667.75	
Advagen Holdings, Inc (USA) Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd							54.25	260
					12))(
Other receivable			5					
Subsidiaries							1,341.40	1,681-48
AdvaGen Pharma Limited Rubicon Consumer Healthcare Private Limited							43.82	236.96
KIA Health Tech Pvt Ltd							7.36	3.75
	2						43.34	29.02
Rubicon Research Australia Pty Ltd Rubicon Research Private Limited (Singapore)							10.95	3.10
Rubicon Research Canada Limited		20		8			680.29	5=
Advagen Pharma Europe OU							3.98	14
Outstanding Guarantee								
Advagen Pharma Europe OU (Refer Note no 30b)							584.60	100

D There are no provisions for doubtful debts or amount written off or written back during the year in respect of debts due from / due to related parties.



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Ratio

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

105	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	% variation	Reason for variation
Current ratio	1.32	1,85	-28%	Refer Note 1
Debt-Equity ratio	0.83	0.72	16%	
Debt service coverage ratio	1.53	1,96	-22%	
Return on equity ratio	0.05	0.03	78%	Refer Note 2
Inventory turnover ratio	1.69	1,80	-6%	
Trade receivable turnover ratio	2.09	1,40	50%	Refer Note 3
Trade payable turnover ratio	6.45	5.03	28%	Refer Note 4
Net capital turnover ratio	4.53	1,49	203%	Refer Note 5
Net profit ratio	4%	3%	24%	Refer Note 2
Return on capital employed	7%	5%	51%	Refer Note 2

Reason for variation

1 Reduction is primarily due to increase in the borrowings.

2 The increase is mainly due to improvement in profitability during the year.

3 The increase is mainly due to the lower receivables on account of timely payments during the year,

4 The increase is primarily due to increased purchases of materials during the year.

5 The increase is primarily due to increase in revenue and decrease in working capital

Numerators and Denominators considered for the aforesaid ratios:

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities
Debt-Equity ratio	Debt	Equity
Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings available for debt service *	Debt Service **
Return on equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes	Average Shareholder's Equity
Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of Sales	Average Inventory
Trade receivable turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Average Accounts Receivable
Trade payable turnover ratio	Purchase of materials and Other	Average Trade Payables
	expenses	
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Working Capital
Net profit ratio	Net Profit	Revenue from operations
Return on capital employed	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed ***

* Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets, etc.

** Debt service = Interest + Principal Repayments + Lease Repayments

*** Capital Employed = Total equity - Intangible assets - Intangible assets under development - Goodwill + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability - Deferred Tax Assets

50 Other Statutory information

i The Company has not given any advance or loan or invested funds to any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:

a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries), or b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

ii The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:

a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries), or b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- iii The company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of account and has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the income Tax Act, 1961.
- iv There are no balances outstanding with struck off companies as per section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013.





51 The Board of Directors of the Company has recommended a final dividend of ₹ 0.02 per equity share for the year ended 31 March 2024 (Previous year ₹ 0.5 per equity share). The said dividend shall be paid after the approval of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

Pratibha Pilgaonkar

DI

Managing Director

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Nitin Jajodia

Chief Financial Officer

- 52 Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/disclosure.
- 53 These standalone financial statements were authorised for issues by the Company's Board of Directors on 1st July 2024.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Rubicon Research Private Limited CIN: U73100MH1999PTC119744

Director and Chief Executive Officer DIN: 07686819

Deepashree Tanksale Company Secretary Membership No: A28132 Thane, 01 July 2024

